BANGOR DAILY WHIG AND COURIER.

B WHEELER & LYNDE. MONDAY MORNING, JUNE [illegible], 1863. VOLUME XXIX......NUMBER 285.

THE BANGOR DAILY

Whig and Courier,

[illegible] MORNINGS,

... Block, East End Kenduskeag Bridge.

IN THE LOWER FLOOR.

TERMS.

per year

... Months

... Months,

per Month for less than Three

Invariably in Advance.

Bangor Weekly Courier

PUBLISHED EVERY TUESDAY

... the Daily Whig & Courier, at One ... Fifty Cents a year, invariably

IN ADVANCE

...ER & LYNDE - PROPRIETORS

...LER JOHN H LYNDE

AGENCIES

... 10 State Street, Boston ... New York are authorized ... Advertisements and subscrip...

... ...

... must in all cases be paid in ... Subscribers finding this no... will understand that the time ... paid has nearly expired ... expires

CASH

FOR

RAGS, PAPER, &C.

... UNDERSIGNED will pay CASH for any

Books and Papers, Lead, Copper, Zinc, Pewter, Bones, Canvas, Cotton, &c &c &c

Highest Cash Prices paid for the above articles at the

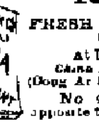
Union Crockery Store,

... Wood & Bishop's Stove Store, Wall Street Bangor

—No authorized buyer outside of the store

W. A. BERRY, Agent.

Notice.



FRESH TEAS AND PURE COFFEES

At Low Prices, at the *China Tea Company's store* (Dong Ar Sowe & Co's Agency

No 4 Harlow Street

opposite the Traders Bank

HIRAM TUCKER,

... turer and Wholesale Dealer in

Tucker's Patent Spring Bed.'

... are particularly noted for their ... Ease and Durability and are ... give perfect satisfaction. For sale by HIRAM TUCKER, No 2 Revere Block Boston Mass

...wells, Mellen & Co.,

... and Commission Merchants

PHILADELPHIA

... advances made on consignments ... particular attention paid to ... ...

... Bank Boston Philadelphia Bank ...

CROCKERY STORE!

(... Eastern Bank, Wall St)

$5000 Worth Crockery Ware

AT WHOLESALE PRICES.

... will on the 20th inst, commence ... large stock of Crockery Ware ... cent less than the Ware can be ... time with Exchange at the ...

DO YOU WISH TO PURCHASE? ... my stock, and you will ...

White Granite Dinner, Tea and Toilet Sets,

... White and Colored Ware ... Ware, in fact everything ... Crockery store ... this will be the best ... time to come. Come early ... trade ... assortment of Glass Ware, ... Table Cutlery, Brit... Ware Castors, &c

W A BERRY, Agent.

feb18

A Just Tribute to Merit.

INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION, LONDON,

JULY 11th, 1862,

... preparation for food from Indian ... awarded a medal and honorable men... ...Royal Commissioners, the competi... ... prominent manufacturers of "Corn ... Prepared Corn Flour" of this and oth... ... notwithstanding

MAIZENA,

... luxury of the age, without a single ... will convince the most skeptical ... Cakes, Custards, Blanc Mange, &c ... with few or no eggs, at a cost ... most economical. A slight addition ... wheat flour greatly improves Bread ... is also excellent for thickening sweet ... for fish and meat, soups, &c. For ... nothing can compare with it. A little ... will produce rich cream for coffee, ... &c

... one pound packages, with directions. ... delicious article of food for children and ... all ages. For sale by Grocers and Drug... everywhere

Manufactured at Glen Cove, Long Island. Wholesale Depot, 166 Fulton st. WILLIAM DURYEA, General Agent.

Boots, Shoes, Hats, Trunks and Valises

CHEAP, at

OSGOOD & LYFORD'S,

NO 1 SMITH'S BLOCK, BANGOR

— ALSO —

Sole Leather, Upper Leather, Calf Skins, Shoe Findings, &c. &c.

... OSGOOD THORNTON LYFORD

... daw

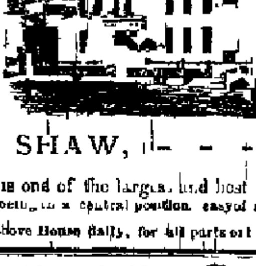
Window Glass.

A LARGE assortment of German and American Window Glass, for sale by B F BRADBURY.

... ...

BANGOR HOUSE,

BANGOR MAINE



O. M. SHAW, - - - - Proprietor.

The above House is one of the largest and best arranged Hotels in the State. Its location is unsurpassed, being in a central position, easy of access and nearest to the steamboats and Railroad Stations.

Stages leave the above House daily, for all parts of the country oct13

[illegible]

$97 BOUNTY.

The Eighteenth Maine,

Col DANIEL CHAPLIN,

A Regiment unsurpassed by any in the service, having been complimented by the War Department by being selected as the Regiment from our State to be transferred to Heavy Artillery, and being designated as the

1st Maine Regiment of Heavy Artillery,

will be recruited to the maximum of Eighteen Hundred rank and file

The undersigned invite enlistments for Company D, Capt C V CROSSMAN, almost exclusively

A Bangor Company,

The Regiment is now stationed in Forts and Batteries in the Northern Defences of Washington. It has the location and the Artillery arm of the service presents inducements to recruits above any other

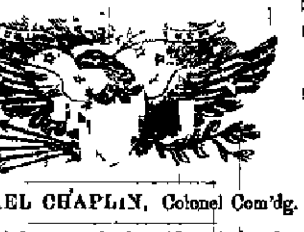
All United States and State Bounties paid. Pay and Rations from the date of enlistment. RECRUITING OFFICE—No 6 Granite Block Exc. Market Square (up stairs.)

Lieut. F. E. SHAW, Sergt J. C. LANE, Recruiting Officers

Bangor, Jan ... 1863

First Regiment Maine

HEAVY ARTILLERY.



DANIEL CHAPLIN, Colonel Com'dg.

$97 Advance before leaving the State.

The Best Chance Yet Offered!

VOLUNTEERS WANTED for a full Company of One Hundred and Fifty able bodied men, for the above Regiment

By an order from the War Department, the 18th Regiment Maine Volunteers has been transferred to Heavy Artillery

The duties and exposure of this service are much less than any other, as Heavy Artillery perform no field duty are quartered in permanent Barracks, and drilled without being loaded down with their knapsacks, &c, the duties always being performed in Forts

It will be borne in mind that this is the only Maine Regiment of Heavy Artillery, that it is located near Washington, in a very healthy and pleasant spot.

All State and United States Bounties paid. Pay, $13 to $21 per month, with Clothing and Rations

Call at office in Wheelwright & Clark's Block for further particulars

Lieut. M. M. FULLER, Sergt. CHARLES DWINEL, Recruiting Officers.

Jan 21 1863

REMOVAL.

PIANOS FOR SALE—the best of Boston make—cheap for cash or approved notes. Lumber taken in exchange if applied for soon.

PIANO AND ORGAN TUNING—Orders left at my residence, corner of Hammond street and Billings Avenue, or E. F. Duren's Bookstore, will be attended to. G. J. STONE.

ap-il 29

CURE FOR PINWORMS

DR. E. G. GOULD'S

PIN-WORM SYRUP

IS the first and only remedy ever offered to the public for the effectual removal of the Ascarides, or Pin-Worms, from the human system. The high reputation it has established in the last two years, and the fact that it is fast superseding all other worm remedies, is the best test of its great merit.

It affords Relief in twenty-four Hours, and an Entire Cure is Warranted

when taken according to directions, which accompany each bottle.

The Syrup is also a most valuable family cathartic, to be always used when physic is required, *especially for children*. It corrects the secretions, gives tone to the stomach and bowels, assisting nature in her efforts to restore health. *It is purely of Vegetable Extracts, and always safe and reliable*

Sold by HALL & RUCKEL 218 Greenwich Street New York, in Boston by GEO C GOODWIN & CO 12 Marshall street, and other Wholesale Druggists. At Retail by B. F. Bradbury, W. L. Alden, N. S. Harlow, S. C. Trask, Bangor. ... daed

PETERSON—For June—received by A. BARTLETT

ICE.

Delivered in all parts of the City.

BY

J. & G. G. HATHAWAY.

apr22 2m

House & Ship Plumbing.

THE Subscriber would inform the citizens of Bangor and vicinity, that he is prepared to execute all kinds of House and Ship Plumbing in a superior manner, at moderate prices.

Having constantly on hand an assortment of Lead Pipe, Sheet Lead, Wash Basins, Water Closets, Pumps, Cocks, Valves, &c., with competent and experienced workmen, he is confident that his facilities are such as to merit the patronage of all desiring work in the line.

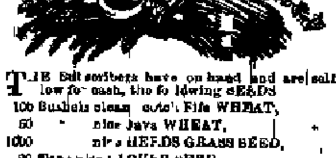
N. B. A large assortment of TIN WARE constantly on hand, at wholesale and retail. Repairing done neat and promptly.

A. LIBBEY...,

Corner of York and ... streets.

Bangor, Sept. 6, 1862.

Seed---Seed.



THE Subscribers have on hand and are selling low for cash, the following SEEDS

100 Bushels clean Scotch Fife WHEAT,

50 " Blue Java WHEAT,

1000 ... HERDS GRASS SEED,

20 Tons ... CLOVER SEED,

25 Bushels ... FLAX SEED for sowing.

Also, a large assortment of

Agricultural Implements, & Garden Seeds

of the best quality. Call and see

C. H. DUNNING & CO.,

apr20 ... No. 42 West Market Square

FEATHER DUSTERS,

WINDOW Brushes Floor and Scrub Brushes Horse Brushes, Mane Brushes, Shoe Brushes, Dust Brushes, Artists' sable Tools, White Wash Brushes—and nearly all other kinds, for sale low, at No ... Smith's Block. ... N S HARLOW

International Steamship Co.

Portland, Eastport, Calais and St. John.

TWO TRIPS A WEEK!

THE STEAMER

"New Brunswick," - - Capt. Winchester,

will leave Portland every MONDAY, and the

"Forest City," - - - - - - Capt. Liscomb,

Every THURSDAY, at 5 o'clock P M., For Eastport and St John N B, connecting at Eastport with steamer "Queen," for St Andrews and Calais, and at St. John with "Steamer Emperor" for Windsor and Halifax

Returning, the Steamers leave St. John and Eastport every Monday and Thursday

For further information enquire of

J. C. HERSEY, Pres't, Portland

... No 22 West Market Square, Bangor.

apr14

JOHN A. WALLIS,

HAVING repaired and re-furnished his Saloon, No ... East Market Square THE OLD STAND, and having supplied the same with a

New and Choice Stock,

Adapted to the business is prepared to receive his old customers, and as many new ones as may choose to visit them, with all the varieties of the season

Fresh Oysters, in the Shell

Received by every Boat

may4

Notice

To Discharged Soldiers.

By Authority of United States License

BY VIRTUE of the late law of Congress I will obtain $100 BOUNTY for all Discharged Soldiers wounded in any battle or skirmish with the enemy. The fee in any case will not exceed $5.

Applications sent by mail to all who cannot apply at my office.

PENSIONS for Wounded and Disabled Soldiers and Seamen obtained as heretofore

Also, for all Widows and Minor Children, and dependent Mothers

Also, Arrears of Pay—$100 Bounty for the widows or minor children of deceased soldiers

C. P. BROWN,

General Agent for Maine, Bangor, Maine

march12 daw

M. Schwartz,

IMPORTER OF

Hard-Ware, Cutlery, Bar Iron and Steel, Carriage Springs, Axles, Bolts, Wheels, Hubs, Bands and Spokes, Screw Plates, Anvils and Malleable Castings.

TOOLS AND BUILDING MATERIALS in great variety, including German and American Window Glass, Paints, Oils and Varnish. Also, Leather and New York Rubber Belting, all of which he will sell, at wholesale and retail, at the Lowest Market Prices, at

Nos. 183 and 185 Exchange St.,

25 daw BANGOR.

A. C. Smith,

GENERAL CLAIM AGENT

FOR PROCURING

Bounties Pensions, and Arrears of Pay

and all Claims and bills against the

U. S. OR STATE DEPARTMENT,

INCLUDING ORDERLY SERGEANTS' BILLS.

WILL act as Agent for Towns in the examination and computing bills presented to the Governor and Council for aid furnished families of Volunteers under Act of 1862. All communications addressed to him at Bangor, or Augusta House, Augusta, will be promptly attended to.

Will obtain a Bounty for all Discharged Soldiers.

NO 1 HARLOW'S BLOCK, BANGOR, ME

march 20 1863

JEANS ... FLETCHER & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Lawrence and Old Colony COTTON DUCK.

ARE IMPORTERS OF

Russia and Scotch Duck,

Chains, Anchors, Russia Bolt-Rope, English Bunting, &c.;

Nos. 28 and 29 Commercial Street,

(New Granite Block, head of City Wharf.)

... ...

OFFICE OF THE

ATLANTIC MUTUAL

Insurance Company,

NEW YORK, January 26th 1863

THE TRUSTEES, in conformity to the Charter of the Company submit the following Statement of its affairs on the 31st December, 1862

Premiums received on Marine Risks, from 1st January, 1862 to 31st December, 1862,	$5,116,411 87
Premiums on Policies not marked off 1st January, 1862	1,159,311 06
Total amount of Marine Premiums	$6,275,&c 93
No policies have been issued upon Life Risks, nor upon Fire Risks disconnected with Marine Risks	
Premiums marked off from 1st January, 1862, to 31st December, 1862	$4,485,253 68
Losses paid during the same period,	2,091,012 17
Returns of Premiums and Expenses,	616,693 14
The Company has the following Assets, viz	
United States and State of New York Stock City, Bank and other Stocks,	$2,626,960 58
Loans secured by Stocks, and otherwise	1,446,220 47
Real Estate and Bonds and Mortgages,	33,700 00
Dividends on Stocks, Interest on Bonds and Mortgages and other Loans, sundry notes, re-insurance and other claims due the Company estimated at	122,334 53
Premium Notes and Bills receivable	2,464,062 86
Cash in Bank,	237,402 20
Total amount of Assets	$7,130,731 61

Six per cent interest on the outstanding certificates of profits will be paid to the holders thereof, or their legal representatives on and after Tuesday the third of February next

After reserving *Two and a half Millions* of profits the outstanding certificates of the issue of 1861, will be redeemed and paid to the holders thereof, or their legal representatives, on and after Tuesday the third of February next, from which date all interest thereon will cease. The certificates to be produced at the time of payment, and cancelled.

A dividend of Forty Per Cent is declared on the net earned premiums of the Company (free of Government tax) for the year ending 31st December 1862, for which certificates will be issued on and after Tuesday the seventh of April next

The profits of the Company, ascertained from the 1st of July, 1842, to the 1st of January, 1862, for which certificates were issued amount to	$12,763,730
Additional from 1st January, 1862, to 1st January, 1863,	1,740,000
Total profits for 20½ years,	14,493,730
The certificates previous to 1861 have been redeemed by cash	10,278,560
Net earnings remaining with the Company, on 1st January, 1863	$4,215,170

Average dividend paid per annum, for last 21 years, is 35 per cent

By order of the Board,

W TOWNSEND JONES Sec'y

TRUSTEES

John D Jones,	James Bryce,
Charles Dennis,	Wm Sturgis Jr,
W H H Moore,	Henry K Bogert,
Thomas Tileston,	A A Low,
Henry Coit,	William E Dodge,
Wm C Pickersgill	Dennis Perkins
Lewis Curtis,	Joseph Gaillard, Jr
Charles H Russell,	J Henry Burgy,
Lowell Holbrook,	Cornelius Grinnell,
P A Hargous,	C A Hand,
Meyer Gans,	Watts Sherman
Royal Phelps,	E E Morgan,
Caleb Barstow,	B H Howland,
A P Pillot,	Benj Babcock,
Leroy M Wiley,	Fletcher Westray,
Daniel S Miller,	Robert B Minturn, Jr,
S T Nicoll,	Gordon W. Burnham
Joshua J Henry,	Frederick Chauncey,
Geo G Hobson,	James Low
David Lane,	

RISKS made to *attach* as soon as *reported* to the undersigned according to the provisions of the open Policy of the assured. *Risks on Hulls and Freights* in the usual course of mail when necessary by telegraph

JOHN D JONES, President

CHARLES DENNIS, Vice President

W H H MOORE, 2d Vice Pres't

John W. Munger,

No 166 Fore St., head of Long Wharf, PORTLAND, MAINE

apr13 1md 11m3taw 1amw

American & Foreign Patents.

R. H. EDDY,

SOLICITOR OF PATENTS,

Late Agent of the U S Patent Office, Washington (under the Act of 1837)

76 State Street, opposite Kilby Street, BOSTON.

AFTER an extensive practice of upwards of twenty years, continues to secure Patents in the United States; also in Great Britain, France, and other foreign countries. Caveats, Specifications, Bonds, Assignments, and all Papers or Drawings for Patents, executed on liberal terms, and with despatch. Researches made into American or Foreign works, to determine the validity or utility of Patents or Inventions—and legal or other advice rendered in all matters touching the same. Copies of the claims of any Patent furnished by remitting One Dollar. Assignments recorded at Washington

The agency is not only the largest in New England, but through it inventors have advantages for securing Patents, of ascertaining the patentability of inventions, unsurpassed by, if not immeasurably superior to any which can be offered them elsewhere. The testimonials below given prove that none is more successful at the Patent Office than the subscriber, and as success is the best proof of advantages and ability, he would add that he has abundant reason to believe, and can prove, that at no other office of the kind are the charges for professional services so moderate. The immense practice of the subscriber during twenty years past, has enabled him to accumulate a vast collection of specifications and official decisions relative to patents.

These, besides his extensive library of legal and mechanical works and full accounts of patents granted in the United States and Europe, render him able, beyond question, to offer superior facilities for obtaining Patents.

All necessity of a journey to Washington to procure a patent, and the usual great delay there, are here saved inventors.

TESTIMONIALS.

"I regard Mr Eddy as one of the most *capable* and *successful* practitioners with whom I have had official intercourse CHARLES MASON, Commissioner of Patents.

"I have no hesitation in assuring inventors that they cannot employ a person *more competent* and *trustworthy*, and more capable of putting their applications in a form to secure for them an early and favorable consideration at the Patent Office" EDMUND BURKE, Late Commissioner of Patents

"Mr. R H Eddy has made for me THIRTEEN applications, on all but one of which patents have been granted, and that is *now pending*. Such unmistakable proof of great talent and ability on his part leads me to recommend *all* inventors to apply to him to procure their patents, as they may be sure of having the most faithful attention bestowed on their cases, and at very reasonable charges" JOHN TAGGART

During eight months, the subscriber, in *course* of his large practice, made on *twice* rejected applications *SIXTEEN APPEALS, EVERY ONE* of which was decided in his favor, by the Commissioner of Patents. R. H. EDDY.

Boston, Jan 1, 1863. ...

[illegible]

NO. 40,

West Market Square, Bangor,

Dealers in

Hardware & Cutlery!

Paints, Oils and Glass,

POWDER AND SHOT,

Carpenters' and Farming Tools,

SASH, DOORS, BLINDS,

And Window ...

W. P. DICKEY. ... SAWTELLE,

NEW BOOKS ... NEW MUSIC ... E. F. DUREN

Whig & Courier.

TELEGRAPHIC

(Evening Despatches to the Times)

Rosecrans Moving—Affairs at Vicksburg—Facts and Rumors from Washington.

NEW YORK, 30th

The Times' Washington despatch says, little credit is given here to the sensation stories about a movement of of Lee's army having begun. Gen Sickles is now here on his way to the sea shore to recruit his impaired health. He says no such impression prevailed last night in the army, in circles most likely to be well informed.

A refugee from Richmond, who arrived here to-day says it is generally believed in Richmond that Lee's army in the battle of Chancellorsville numbered 175,000 fighting men.

Seven thousand rebels have crossed the Blackwater, and it is feared that Beauregard's forces are to be brought up from Charleston, and an active campaign in this direction inaugurated by the rebels to offset their Vicksburg disaster.

The President has reprieved Wm B Compton, condemned to be hung to-day at Fort McHenry as a rebel spy.

The Herald's headquarters Army of the Potomac despatch dated 29th, says yesterday a most successful balloon reconnoissance was made by Capt Paine of the topographical engineers. The atmosphere was remarkably clear, and the enemy could be seen with great distinctness. No indications of a move were discovered, though it is still believed that a portion of their forces have passed up the Rappahannock. No communication is allowed between the pickets. Intelligence from the other side is very meagre. All quiet.

Gen Schenck and Gov Curtin had a long interview with the President to-day. It is said they seriously apprehend an invasion of Maryland or Pennsylvania.

The fact that Gen Rosecrans began to move a week ago tends to confirm the report that Bragg is falling back from his front.

The Tribune says: "At 2 o'clock this morning our Washington correspondent telegraphed the facts of the situation at Vicksburg, which are as follows, summed up by high authority.

Gen Grant has step by step driven the rebels into their interior intrenchments, turning the others against them. They however have troops to relieve each other as often as may be desired in defending that line of their works, but he is continuing without serious if any molestation from Johnson so far to assail successfully but gradually in order to take as much care as he should take to save the lives of his troops engaged in the desperate fighting of such a siege."

The Times says there is no prospect that anything will be attempted in the Department of the South this season. Orders have been sent here to give furloughs to five per cent of the men, and these instructions are to be carried out forthwith.

A Hilton Head letter to The Herald dated 24th inst says at least 20,000 men have been sent by Beauregard to Johnston.

NEW YORK, 29th

A Washington despatch to the Post says military men here do not credit the report that the rebel leaders are concentrating an unusual large force in Virginia, but believe rather that every soldier who can be spared from Virginia, North and South Carolina, have been sent to the Mississippi to relieve Johnston and Pemberton, or if too late to save Vicksburg to strike some other point on the Mississippi river, or so strengthen Port Hudson as to make its capture a matter of great difficulty.

The report that Lee had issued an order to his troops congratulating them on their victories and indicating an intention to invade Maryland, was little more than an invention of sensation correspondents. Gen Sickles, direct from his command, assures us that there were no movements on the part of the rebel army, up to last night, to justify the belief in the correctness of such reports.

PHILADELPHIA, 29th

The Bulletin has the following

Cincinnati, 29th

Gen Banks is reported coming up the Mississippi river. The rebels report that Chatham and Featherstone were wounded in the Mississippi fight, and that Gen Johnston is massing a large force at the Big Black river bridge.

The report via Memphis that Gen Grant has captured all the rebel redoubts at Vicksburg is discredited.

It is reported that Bragg telegraphed to Jeff Davis as to what he should do with Vallandigham. Davis replied that if Vallandigham would take the oath of allegiance to the Southern Confederacy to receive him, if not to send him back.

THE ANNIVERSARIES. The religious anniversaries, with the exception of one or two of minor importance, closed yesterday. Nearly all the meetings yesterday were fully attended and were of more than usual interest. Taken as a whole, the meetings of the week have been far more successful than was generally anticipated, and have been attended by larger numbers than was expected. The week has been pleasant—quite an unusual occurrence for anniversary week—and the city has been crowded with strangers. As indicative of the feelings of thousands who have attended the anniversaries, it is worthy of note that the meetings which have had a direct or even an indirect bearing upon the army have been the most fully attended, and no speakers have been so earnestly listened to or heartily applauded as those who have counseled wholesouled persistence in the support of the government in the work of putting down the rebellion, or expressed a firm faith in the final triumph of the government.—*Boston Journal*

Two men named Sedlich and Griffiths, keepers of a hotel at Louisville, have been detected in smuggling large quantities of quinine and morphine through our lines for the rebels. About $15,000 worth of drugs were lately found on their premises. They have done a large business, making their purchases at Cincinnati.—They are now under arrest.

INTERNATIONAL POSTAGE. A congress of delegates from nearly all the civilized governments is now sitting in Paris, for the purpose of establishing a general system of international postage. Mr. Kasson, Deputy Postmaster General, represents the United States. The object of the congress is to introduce, not only a uniform system of payment, but of weight and general postal legislation, and to turn to account, in the general correspondence between the lines ... ...

THE REBEL PIRATES. The following is a more full account of the recent rebel piracies by the Alabama and the Florida than was given by telegraph. The brig William M Dodge, which arrived at Philadelphia yesterday from Pernambuco, brings as passenger Captain Potter of the ship Oneida, of New Bedford, from Shanghae for New York, which vessel was burnt by the rebel pirate Alabama on the 29th of April, when in lat 1 40 S, lon 29 W. The Oneida was 420 tons burthen, 30 years old, and was owned by F Hathaway.

Information was also brought by this arrival that the following vessels had been previously captured and destroyed by the pirates Alabama and Florida.

Ship Charles Hill, of Newburyport, 699 tons, 14 years old. Owned by Charles Hill. She was on the voyage from Liverpool for Montevideo.

Ship Louisa Hatch, of Rockland, 858 tons, built in 1855. Owned by C W McLoon.—Bound from Cardiff to Singapore.

Ship Nora, of Bangor, a new ship, bound from Liverpool to Calcutta. [Built here in 1862, and owned by Geo B Upton, Esq, of Boston. A son of Mr John C Young of this city was on board the Nora.]

Barque Henrietta, of Baltimore, 437 tons, built in 1855. Owned by J Whitridge. She was on the voyage from Baltimore to Rio Janeiro.

Brig Kate Cory, whaler, of Newport, 132 tons. Owned by A. H. Cory. When last heard from she had on board 155 barrels sperm oil.

Barque Lafayette, whaler, of New Bedford, 457 tons, owned by I H Bartlett & Sons.—When last heard from she had on board 170 barrels sperm oil.

Also schooner Kingfisher, (probably the whaling vessel of that name belonging to Fairhaven.)

It is stated by the owners of the ship Charles Hill, one of the vessels destroyed, that she had salt in the hold and an assorted cargo between decks, which was all owned by British parties. The owners of the ship supposing the cargo, being owned on foreign account, would protect her from the pirates, did not obtain any war risk on the vessel, and in consequence have lost all their property.—*Boston Journal*

The Richmond Whig groans over the humiliating conduct of rebel citizens who extended all sorts of kind civilities to the prisoners captured by General Forrest, as they were traversing the Confederacy on the route to Richmond. "A rare jaunt they had through the land of cotton," says the Whig, and adds,

"Pleasant reminiscences will they have of their tour to the South, expenses paid—pleasant recollections of Augusta. Soon again in camp they will tell the jolly story of what rare times they had in Dixie, and long for another gallop through the land of flowers, where greenbacks are worth three for one, and where females kiss the hand that slew their brother. And the fortunate recipient of a choice bouquet will exhibit its pressed and faded leaves as a tribute of southern devotion to the Union and sympathy for those who have battled for the 'glorious flag'—Intelligent officers will prate of Union sentiment and encourage the pristine hope that thousands of victims of rebel tyranny would rally to the stars and stripes could they once again be unfurled in their midst."

The Baltimore American publishes a letter from its correspondent on board the Hartford, dated "Mouth of Red River, May 12th," from which we extract the following

The Union feeling is strong up Red River, and I learn that General Banks has already recruited two regiments of Louisianians. Seven refugees, armed with shot guns and long knives who have been hiding in the swamps for six months to escape conscription, came on board the Hartford about a week since, and were yesterday sent up Red river again, as they expressed a desire to go up and join the Union men who have already had some fighting with the rebels, and now that succor is at hand, have come out boldly for the Stars and Stripes.

Men who, for weary months have been living like wild beasts in swamps and dense thickets, to escape the halter, have now come out of their hiding places and joined the Union ranks. Most of the refugees own property, and some of them are men of intelligence, and their moth-eaten garments and unshorn locks testify what they have undergone to resist a power they did not recognize, and the eagerness with which they one and all jumped at the chance of fighting under the old flag, repudiates the idea that cowardice kept them from joining the rebels.

FREE LABOR IN LOUISIANA. The New Bedford Mercury publishes an extract of a letter from an officer in the 38th Mass Volunteer, dated Berwick city, La, who says

"We passed many immense plantations, whose standing cane showed the secesh absentees, whose fears dictated flight when Weitzel came in last year. Others had been cleared, crops sold, and work going on well. These last are being worked by free labor on General Banks' new plan. I am told the scheme is apparently a success here, and it is believed the region will, if it escapes the ravages of war, produce a large return in sugar and molasses. I had much conversation with the railroad superintendent, a keen Connecticut officer, who is perfectly convinced of the practicability of Banks' free labor scheme from a full year's observation. He has 2500 under his control. He says he is perfectly convinced, too, of the feasibility of employing white labor. The health of his numerous white employees last year was better than that of the blacks."

A FORTUNE MADE AND LOST IN A YEAR.—About eight months ago a resident of St Louis was the possessor of $4000, which he invested in salt. The stock was smuggled into Arkansas, where it realized almost fabulous prices. This business he carried on for several months, by which time he had amassed a fortune of $65,000. Elated and emboldened by success, he took $50,000 into the interior of Arkansas, where he invested the amount in cotton.

Shortly after having made the purchase, and with visions of $100,000 in his eyes, a portion of the federal forces moved in the direction of where the cotton was stored. The plantation was vacated, the cotton unprotected, with no one to claim it, the cotton merchant having absented himself for the purpose of procuring transportation for its removal to market. The cotton was accordingly seized, confiscated and sold for the benefit of the government.

The cotton merchant made complaint, gave proof of his ownership, and claimed payment, but all to no avail. Some time afterwards he arrived at St Louis, and took lodgings at one of the hotels, which being crowded, he was placed in a room with two strangers.

The United States detectives had for some time past been on the trail for two cotton smugglers, and upon the morning following the arrival of the broken cotton merchant, he, with his two room mates, were arrested and placed in prison.

The facts in the above case were developed during a recent sitting of the Military Court of Inquiry.

Sentiment of a Loyal League.

At an adjourned meeting of the Loyal National League of West Brooksville on the 20th inst, the accompanying resolves were introduced by the Business Committee, unanimously adopted, and ordered to be printed in the Bangor Daily Whig & Courier and Ellsworth American

Respectfully yours,

G V MILLS, Secretary

Resolved, That as union is strength it is a duty which we owe our country to unite with one heart and voice in our endeavors to sustain the government in this her day of trial.

Resolved, That the platform of this League shall be to stand firm for the government, to sustain her in prosperity and adversity, to be ready at all times and in all places to vindicate her cause, and so far as lies in our power to maintain all her rights.

Resolved, That we will not work for party, but for principle, that all men who show themselves true patriots shall receive from us the right hand of fellowship.

Resolved, That as traitors, otherwise styled Copperheads have formed themselves into tribes for the purpose of misleading the ignorant and gaining strength to themselves, we will use every honorable means to counteract their baneful influence.

Resolved, That we will show our enemies that strength lies not in noisy blabbing or futile threats, but in a consciousness that our cause is the cause of God for the benefit of the human race.

WILLIAM WASSON,
E P PARKER,
HENRY GRINDLE,
G E SMITH,
Committee

Brooksville, May 20, 1863

AN OUTBREAK AND ITS CAUSE. On Thursday evening last the quiet of S—— street was broken about midnight by the cries of "Police! Police!" One of those faithful guardians immediately reported in the rear of the block, and from the third story window a lady's head projected, and from her the alarm had proceeded. The policeman inquired into the trouble and was informed that she could see on the shed fronting on the next street, a man who was apparently asleep. Other neighbors who had been attracted by the noise also said they could see him coiled up on the shed, and some thought he had fallen from the window in a fit.

The policeman, thinking that it might be some shrewd burglar who was feigning intoxication, scaled the fence, reached the shed, and there found a man rolled up in a traveling shawl, sleeping soundly. After a shake or two the man came to his senses, and in answer to the policeman's inquiries as to who he was and what he was doing there, replied "Why this is my house and this is my shed, and as I have just returned from the war, where I've roughed it on the hard ground for eighteen months, I found it impossible to sleep in a bed, and so I just took a shake-down here. So sergeant, don't trouble yourself but just get outside my line." What shall we do when this war is over, if our boys intend to conduct themselves in this way.—*Boston Gazette*

Major General Rosecrans on Slavery.

For some weeks past a controversy has been going on between the Catholic Telegraph of Cincinnati edited by the Very Rev E Purcell, brother of the distinguished Archbishop of Cincinnati, and a pro slavery Catholic journal of that city. The learned editor of the Telegraph insists and proves that the Catholic Church and Slavery have never got along well together, that the Church abolished that peculiar institution wherever she came in contact with it, as it is only in America Catholics have ever been found advocating slavery. The controversy has called forth the following letter from Major General Rosecrans, which appears in a late number of the Telegraph. The editor says "He (Rosecrans) has never been an Abolitionist, and has, like ourselves, stood up for the Democracy."

Murfreesboro, April 27

My Dear Father Edward

The rebels grabbed the last letter I wrote you, but they will draw very little consolation from its contents. * * * I am happy to see the splendid stand you took in the Telegraph against Slavery, with its horrors, barbarities and base immoralities. Slavery is dead. Nothing can resuscitate it. To learn this fact fully, you should pay us a visit. There is not a negro in the South who does not know he is free. Around here they have squatted on the plantations, and refuse to work for any one but themselves. They have sown little crops of their own, and the masters have ceased to exercise any control over them.

As an indication, I will cite a strong case. The lady of the house where I am stopping, attempted to punish one of her negro women this morning. I had to step into the room to save the mistress from being badly used up, as the darkey was belaboring her with a stick intended for her own punishment. "*Ex uno disce omnes*."

It is needless for me to say that I applaud every sentiment you have expressed in the Telegraph. Your course is that of the prudent navigator, who, watching the black speck on the horizon, sees it expand into a portentous storm, and calls up his crew to take in sail and prepare for a contest with the elements. The storm will pass away, and you will be found sailing under full sail, while those who took no heed will be scattered by the gale. * * *

I am heart and hand with you in this cause. Slavery is doomed, and those who would now uphold it will be held up in a very short time to public odium and execration. No statesman will vindicate it, no lover of humanity and religion will grieve for its overthrow. I have lived enough in the South to see its working, its disgusting features, debasing the highest principles of our nature, warring with religion and patronizing vice and immorality. Almighty God has certainly ordained its destruction in this country, where it has been more offensive and immoral than in any other, and until it is utterly extinct, this war cannot from the nature of things, cease. I am in favor of a cessation of hostilities at as early a day as possible, therefore, I am in favor of the President's proclamation. This State was made for white people and free labor, and when slavery no longer blights its borders, we may expect to see the church and school house take the place of the slave pen and market.

The French papers state that a lady and gentleman returning from a ball given at Marseilles, found themselves overtaken by a thunder storm. To the surprise of the gentleman, he suddenly found his fair companion enveloped in flames. It would appear that the electric fluid had communicated with the steel of the crinoline, and ignited her dress.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

Weig & Courier

WHEELER & LYNDE PROPRIETORS.

Wm. H. Wheeler, Editor.

MONDAY, JUNE 1, 1863.

Daily Established 1834—Weekly 1835.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING:

For one square, (amount of 18 lines of this type,) three times in the Daily,	$1 00
For each week's continuance,	0 50
For half-square, three times,	0 75
For one square in Weekly, three times,	1 00
For each week's continuance,	0 25

SPECIAL NOTICES:

$2.00 per square for first week—$1.00 per square for each subsequent week.

Double Column Advertisements, inserted at the rate of $10 per square per week.

☞ Advertisements, where the time of insertion has not specially designated, will be considered until otherwise ordered.

☞ All transient Advertising must be paid for in advance.

Union State Convention.

The citizens of Maine who are unconditionally loyal to the government of the United States, and who unconditionally support all its measures for the suppression of the rebellion, and who are resolved to spare no endeavor to maintain our National Union, both in principal and territorial boundary, are invited to send Delegates to a Convention to be held in the city of BANGOR,

On Wednesday, the 1st Day of July Next,

for the purpose of nominating a candidate for Governor to be supported by the Union Men of Maine at the next election.

Each city, town, and plantation is entitled to send one delegate, and an additional delegate for every five hundred inhabitants. A fraction of three hundred entitles a town to an additional delegate.

LEONARD ANDREWS, York.
SAMUEL A. SPRING, Cumberland.
ROFUS K. STEVENS, Oxford.
NELSON DAVILLEY, Jr., Androscoggin.
J. P. FESSENDEN, Franklin.
JAMES C. ADAMS, Somerset.
JOHN S. SELDEN, Hancock.
E. L. LIBBEY, Somerset.
E. W. BRETTON, Lincoln.
T. R. ALMERTON, Knox.
WM. MOSELY BIRD, Waldo.
EPHRAIM FLINT, Piscataquis.
JOHN W. DEAN, Penobscot.
EUGENE HALE, Hancock.
CHARLES W. DAKIN, Washington.
EBEN'R WOODBURY, Aroostook.

Vicksburg has not yet fallen—or had not at the date of the latest advices received when this was written. Public hope and expectation have been disappointed, because of the unwarranted assumptions of complete success, which were drawn by news correspondents from the brilliant and rapid series of victories that led to the investment of the rebel stronghold. We were told (but not from any official source) that the place had actually been taken, or would be taken in a day or two from the time of the first assault. Hence, as days have passed, and success is not yet achieved, disappointment has succeeded to joy in the public mind, and apprehension is taking the place of hope. The mind, however, should be guarded against extremes. It was unreasonable to expect Vicksburg to be taken in a day or a week—and it is alike unreasonable to despair of its final capture *because* it has not been taken in a day or a week. Grant can and will take the place if Johnston is not allowed to increase his relieving force faster than our army is reinforced. It is said, to be sure, in the latest accounts that a large portion of Bragg's army is moving Southward to reinforce Johnston—but in the present condition of the railroads, it will probably take from two to three weeks to reach the rear of Vicksburg—the distance in a direct line being between 400 and 500 miles, and probably over 600 by the roads. Then it is not to be presumed that Rosecrans is uninformed of the rebel movements, or that our Government will permit any important transfer of rebel troops from Tennessee to Mississippi without prompt counterveiling movements. An important piece of the enemy is in check, and we must not permit him to advance sooner faster than we strengthen to attack. The Government says that Rosecrans is so vigilant and well informed as to the movements of the enemy, as to render the escape of Bragg from his front as quite out of the question, without his knowledge. We have faith both in Grant and Rosecrans, and therefore still have strong hope in the capture of Vicksburg, although it may be after desperate fighting between large armies, and at an expense of many lives. It may be taken by assault before Johnston is strong enough to interfere—and the latest advices received up to Saturday evening lead us to hope that it may be so.

Progress of Free Sentiment South. There are increasing indications that the loyal people of the slave States are fast becoming more and more reconciled to the idea of a final extinction of slavery in this country, and the substitution of a system of free and paid labor. The rebels themselves have brought this about, as no effort of Northern misanthropists could have done. They have made death to Slavery or death to the Republic the alternatives from which a choice must be made—and the loyal slaveholders and loyal people of the slave States are fast determining that the former is the least evil of the two. A little more time, and that decision will be fully and firmly made, and they will then begin to see and believe that the death of slavery will be no evil at all—but on the contrary an act of long-demanded justice and every way a blessing to the country. The disposition of Southern men to accept the destruction of slavery rather than that of the republic is well manifested in the statements which we have seen relative to the present Congressional campaign in Kentucky. *Unconditional* loyalty to the Government is said to be the prevailing sentiment—and a sentiment which is growing more general every day. It has been feared that Kentucky was inclined to be as much against the Administration as against the enemy, and that, in trying to balance between the two, her influence would be neutral if not decidedly against the Government in the vigorous prosecution of the war.

But as candidates for Congress are nominated, the occasion to ventilate for 'doubting politicians' and the Kentucky loyal men are thereby led to demand that candidates show their true colors. The canvass commenced some weeks ago, when a disposition to shirk the dire issues of the war was observable in some quarters. Only candidates claiming to be Union candidates announced themselves, but some sought to propitiate the favor of rebel sympathizers by publishing that if elected to Congress they would "refuse to vote men and money for the further prosecution of the war, unless the President revoked his Emancipation Proclamation." These equivocal manifestations aroused the loyal feelings of the masses, and Conventions were promptly called in most of the districts, to select and unite upon true Union candidates. The effect is happy. One candidate, Colonel McHenry, to whom such doubtful sentiments were attributed, has come out and repudiated the charge, and declares for the uncompromising prosecution of the war. The Lexington district nominated Mr. Crittenden, and in a distinct resolution pronounced in favor of furnishing the Administration with every agency needed in the conduct of the war, without limitation or qualification. In the district fairly represented by Mr. Dunlap, a like declaration was made, and W. H. Randall nominated, who pledged himself to a faithful adherence to this patriotic policy.

A similar process and policy prevail in other districts. It is probable that the whole State will follow in this course, and that there will be no conditions offered to be imposed by Kentucky, in the next Congress, on the President, in the measures that may be necessary to quell the rebellion.

LOCAL AND OTHER ITEMS.

TERMS OF DAILY.

$3.00 per year; $2.00 for six months; $1.50 for three months; 50 cents per month for less than three months.

☞ Invariably in Advance.

The first of January, 1863, all Dailies will be discontinued unless the price of subscription is paid in advance.

For Evening Telegraphic Despatches, &c., see First Page.

☞ The new steamer Katahdin, now running on the outside route, under command of Captain Charles B. Sanford, is proving herself all that was expected in speed, comfort and convenience. She is as well appointed and furnished in every material respect as the best of the Sound steamers, and has quite as ample accommodations for the business of her route. A splendid saloon occupies the whole length of the upper deck, flanked on either hand by long ranges of wide and well furnished state-rooms, with elegant and spacious toilet-rooms for ladies, (a new feature in eastern boats,) and with broad and pleasant walks, both inside and outside of the saloon, afforded by the greater breadth of the steamer as compared with that of former boats on this route. The finish of the saloon is elegant, tho' not extravagant—and the furniture rich but serviceable. The sides of the saloon, forming the front of the state-rooms, are ornamented with numerous white pilasters surmounted by corinthian capitals in gilt and connected by an entablature with gilt bands. The effect of the whole is very fine. The ladies' cabin is wide, roomy, well ventilated and handsomely furnished; and the same may be said of the gentlemen's cabin, extending the whole length of the boat, although the ventilation cannot of course be so good as if it were on deck, with the advantage of open windows. Care, however, is taken to have a draft of air forward and aft. The state-rooms are much more numerous than on former boats of this route. As to the management of the boat, it is everything which the public could desire. Captains Stanley and Rogers, the pilots, are among the most experienced and reliable men who have ever been on our eastern waters. Mr. Hathorn has the reputation of being the best steamboat Engineer now on the Atlantic coast, and is appreciated as such, and as a most careful and kind-hearted man by all who have ever traveled on the Sanford line and had the good fortune to make his acquaintance. He has an able and careful assistant in Mr Good. The clerks—Messrs. Wall and Alden, and the baggage master, Mr. Morrill, are gentlemen in every respect, always prompt to duty and solicitous for the comfort and convenience of passengers and the safety of baggage and freight. The mate, Mr. Hanson, is a very faithful man, while the steward, Mr. Reeves, superintends the appliances of the table in a manner to satisfy the most fastidious. The ladies speak in high terms of the care and kindness of the chambermaids, and the cabin boys, are respectful and watchful in their attentions. The discipline of the boat throughout, seems, in fact, to be unexceptionable. Her speed, when fairly tried, will be found to be much greater even than that of the M. Sanford or Boston, both excellent and swift boats. The Katahdin arrived here a few minutes after 11 o'clock on Saturday, although carrying but 24 or 26 pounds of steam through the night—the Sanford usually carrying 27 or 28. The new boat is remarkably steady, feeling the jar of her machinery on an old navy but little. She has not yet undergone the test of a severe storm—but we have no doubt she will give a good report of herself.

Supreme Judicial Court—Law Term.

SATURDAY, May 30th.

The following cases were argued:

Francis Alger vs Boston Locomotive works and B. O. & M. Railroad Company.

South Boston Iron Company vs same.

Blake, Garnsey, Paine for Plff. Rowe for Trus.

Rufus D. Bean vs same.

Rowe, Paine.

Exceptions were overruled and judgment made for the State in the following cases:

State vs Eliza Emery, apt. Attorney General Drummond, Kimball.

State vs Alfred Stetson. Drummond, A. Sanders, F. A. Wilson.

State vs John McCann. Drummond, Blake & Garnsey.

State vs Adoniyah Webber. Exceptions withdrawn. Judgment for State. Defendant to be heard. Drummond, McCrillis.

State vs David F. Elliot. Exceptions overruled. Judgment on verdict.

State vs Charles E. Johnson et al. Exceptions overruled.

State vs Eugene McCarty. Exceptions overruled.

State vs Alfred Stetson. Exceptions overruled.

State vs. Charles Delan. Exceptions overruled.

State vs. David Tainter. Lemurer overruled. Judgment on verdict.

☞ A Court Martial is to commence at Augusta on Wednesday, June 3d, by order of Maj. General Wool. Lieut. P. E. Shaw, of the First Maine Heavy Artillery, has been detailed as Judge Advocate.

Fire. On Saturday forenoon an alarm of fire was given, which was found to proceed from Willow Street, near the railroad bridge, in a house occupied by Mrs Slaughtery, a widow woman, and Mr. Wm. Varley—owned by the former, we believe. The fire was discovered by the neighbors proceeding from the roof near the chimney. The occupants—a portion of them at least—were absent at the time, and two children—one of whom was asleep in a bed—were rescued barely in time to escape suffocation. This house was entirely destroyed, as was also the one adjoining it on the north, occupied by Mrs. Ann Laughlin and other parties. This house was owned, we believe, by a Mr. Spelman. The fire was communicated to a double tenement house on the opposite side of the street, owned by Mr. Ferris. The roof was entirely destroyed, and the building otherwise damaged by water.

Gratifying. The County of Penobscot is now entirely free from debt. Her last loan has been paid by County Treasurer Flint. We hope now that philanthropic people will commence agitating the proposition of building a new jail and house of correction. The present uncomfortable and unhealthy old building is a disgrace to the county and to every individual citizen.—Shall the preliminary steps be taken?

Backed off the Wharf. About half past 4 Saturday afternoon, a span of mules attached to a job wagon belonging to the Hathaway Brothers backed off from the wharf with the driver, a distance of some 15 or 20 feet. One of the mules was badly hurt in the fall, and was drowned before he could be unharnessed. The other was cleared and swam down to the ferry landing, where he went ashore. The driver escaped with a few bruises.

Arrest. A couple of tough customers were arrested in Portland on Wednesday morning for robbing a man of thirty-one sovereigns and a ten dollar bill. They were arrested at the Canadian House, and some of the money found in their possession. They were deserters from the rebel army.

Horse Thief. Andrew Jackson Abbott hired a horse in Portland and forgot to bring him back at the time agreed upon. He was followed to Saco and arrested while he was negotiating for the sale of the animal.

State Guards. At an election last Saturday for choice of officers, the following were chosen: Joseph S. Harlow, Captain; Charles H. E. Woodbury, 1st Lieutenant; Josiah B. Mayo, 2d Lieutenant. Col. C. H. Chandler presided at the meeting.—*Dover Observer.*

☞ A young horse belonging to Robert Burns of Bucksport, was killed recently by jumping upon a picket fence.

☞ A correspondent in the 8th Maine at Hilton Head writes us under date of May 21st, that the health of the regiment is excellent, and "their living first rate," but they would like to move into active operations or have something to "stir them up."

☞ The Penobscot Baptist Quarterly Conference meets in this city to-morrow, at the First Baptist church, at 10 A. M. Introductory sermon by Rev. D. C. Litchfield of Oldtown.

☞ A bogus doctor named Abbott, has been operating in Oxford County for some time, as we learn from the Democrat. He had only one kind of medicine—but to make up for that he had several wives. Of course he decamped without paying his debts.

☞ Friday week is said to have been the hottest day ever known in May. The thermometer in this region was up to 90 and 92; and in others rose to about 100. That day, week, it snowed fast nearly all day.—*Paris Democrat.*

☞ The Oxford County Union Convention to nominate county officers, meets at Paris Hill, July 8d.

☞ A farmer in Cutchogue, Long Island, while plowing recently turned up sixty one silver table spoons, which weighed 183 ounces.—Some thinks they are part of the buried treasures of Captain Kidd, "as he sailed."

☞ The Belfast Age has a lengthy report of a case in which Mr. Daniel H. Wadleigh of Freedom, was tried at the late term of the Supreme Judicial Court in that city, on the charge of producing the death of Mrs. Benjamin Bell by malpractice. The Jury rendered a verdict of guilty of manslaughter, and the doctor was fined $500.

☞ Colonel Henry G. Thomas of this city, commanding the 2d Louisiana regiment of Ullman's negro brigade, is reported by a correspondent of the Boston Traveller as having sailed on the 1st inst., from Baton Rouge for the Teche country, with Colonel Bullsford, 1st Louisiana, on recruiting service. The brigade is to be contested for recruiting purposes, the 3d and 5th regiments only remaining at Baton Rouge, the 1st and 3d proceeding to Bayou Teche, and the 4th to some place not yet named.—*Portland Press.*

☞ The Harvest Moon made the trip from this city to Portland in ten hours and four minutes, on Friday last.

☞ We learn from the Houlton Times that the dwelling house of Joseph Kendall, Esq., of Hodgdon, was destroyed by fire last Sunday afternoon. All the inmates were at church at the time, with the exception of Mrs. Kendall who was sleeping in one of the upper rooms and was first warned of danger by the fire brands falling through the roof. Alarm was given, and the people assembled in the church, near by, turned out but were unable to extinguish the flames. A piano and some parlor furniture were the only articles saved.

(The following would have appeared before, but for the absence of the editor:]

Mr. Editor—

Allow me to express regret at the publication of a paragraph in your paper of yesterday, quoting from the Detroit Advertiser certain loose and incorrect statements in regard to the sentiments of my brother, the Rev. W. Craig of New Bedford. Concerning the difficulty in the church, which was private in its character, and in the details of which your readers would take but little interest, it is enough to know that the great majority of the church, a church, too, composed of copperhead rebels, fully sustained the position of their pastor. For him, I wish simply to report that he is thoroughly loyal to the government, and in sympathy with freedom, and has never felt or uttered any manner of favor towards the base and iniquitous rebellion. I should not have asked a place in your columns even for this brief word of vindication, were it not that in his own native State of Maine and in the city of Bangor, which once afforded him a pleasant home, and at the hands of those whom he has some reason to regard as personal friends, he certainly may expect that his good name will not be rucklessly and falsely soiled by the foul stigma of treason, nor have carelessness shown in giving credit or currency to wanton reports flying from afar, which are nothing but a misrepresentation and calumny.

Yours respectfully, H. X. C.

Bucksport, May 1863.

A young man at a tea-party, overhearing one lady say to another, 'I have something for your private ear,' immediately exclaimed 'I protest against it, for privateering is illegal.'

SPECIAL NOTICES.

CARD.

UNION HOSE CO. NO 1.

The Officers and Members of this company take this opportunity to return their sincere thanks to Mrs. D. R. Stockwell and Mrs. Robert Remy for the bountiful and timely supply of refreshments after the fire on Willow Street on the 24th inst. May fortune favor those who remember the firemen in his hour of need. We are under renewed obligations to those kind friends and our Volunteers, whose prompt and efficient assistance so lightened our labors on this and many other occasions. They will ever stand high in our regards.

Per Order, CHARLES T. COLLAMORE, Clerk.

Bangor, June 1st, 1863. 1ltd

Maine Medical Association.

The MAINE MEDICAL ASSOCIATION will hold its Eleventh Annual Meeting, in Portland, commencing Tuesday, June 16th 1863, at 10 o'clock A. M.

Portland, May 28, 1863. C. A. PORTER, Sec. Med. Soc'y.

CITY OF BANGOR.

The Regular Meetings of the *Joint Standing Committee on accounts and Claims* will be holden at the Aldermen's room, City Hall, on FRIDAY before the first Monday of each month, at 2 o'clock P. M.

J. M. BOWLER, Chairman.

march 26, 1863 (Times copy.)

Cumberland Coal.

I have now in store a cargo of Cumberland Coal which I am selling at

REASONABLE PRICES.

For light or heavy Blacksmiths' work, we will warrant this coal superior to any in this market. I will do twenty per cent more work than the best qualities of Cumberland Coal usually sold here. Nearly all the Navy Yards in the United States use this coal, and the U. S. Armory at Springfield use no other. Hand in your orders.

C. A. BABCOCK,

Successor to B. B. FARNSWORTH & CO.,

Bangor May 25th. Broad Street.

DR. FIELD,

HAS REMOVED to the first house below the Church on Hammond Street, nearly opposite his former residence. may27 3t*

5000

Old Papers for sale at this office.

STATE OF MAINE.

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT,

AUGUSTA, May 5, 1863.

An adjourned session of the Executive Council will be held at the Council chamber, in Augusta, on FRIDAY, the fifth day of June next.

Attest, JOSEPH E. HALL,

m7 Secretary of State.

A Good American Girl Wanted

At 22 Kenduskeag Avenue jel tf

"Buy me and I'll do you Good."

HEALTH AND STRENGTH SECURED,

By the use of the

GREAT SPRING AND SUMMER MEDICINE,

DR. LANGLEY'S

ROOT AND HERB BITTERS,

COMPOSED OF

Sarsaparilla, Wild Cherry, Yellow Dock, Prickly Ash, Thoroughwort, Mandrake, Dandelion, &c., all of which are compounded as to act in concert and assist nature in

ERADICATING DISEASE.

The effect of this medicine is most wonderful—it acts directly upon the bowels and blood, by removing all obstructions from the internal organs, stimulating them into healthy action, renovating the fountains of life, purifying the blood, cleansing it from all humors, and causing it to course anew through every part of the system, carrying the invigorating health and usefulness. They cure and eradicate from the system, Liver Complaint, that mammoth of so many diseases, Jaundice in its worst forms; all Bilious diseases as, Foul Stomach, Dyspepsia, Costiveness; all kinds of humors, and every disease arising from Indigestion, as Headache, Dizziness, Piles, Heartburn, Wind pains, Pains in the Side and Bowels, Flatulency, loss of appetite, and a torpid or diseased Liver, a disordered Stomach, or bad blood, to which all are more or less subject in Spring and Summer.

More persons have been cured by this medicine than by all other nostrums in the world. It is highly recommended by Physicians everywhere. Try it, and you will never regret it.

Only 37 and 50 cents per Bottle. Sold by Dealers in Medicine everywhere. Orders addressed to GEO. C. GOODWIN & CO., 38 Hanover st., Boston, will receive prompt attention.

apr24 d&w1man

WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY.

Cough, Colds, Bronchitis, Asthma, Croup, Whooping Cough, Quinsy, and the numerous as well as dangerous diseases of the *Throat, Chest and Lungs,* prevail, in our changeable climate, at all seasons of the year; few are fortunate enough to escape their baneful influence. How important then to have at hand a certain antidote to all these complaints.—Experience proves that this exists in *Wistar's Balsam,* to an extent not found in any other remedy; however severe the suffering, the application of this soothing, healing and wonderful Balsam at once vanquishes the disease and restores the sufferer to wonted health.

From a Highly Respectable Apothecary in Bangor.

BANGOR, Oct. 1, 1860.

Messrs. S. W. Fowle & Co—Please send me a few dozen of WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY. The demand for this excellent preparation for diseases of the Throat and Lungs, renders it necessary that I should purchase a considerable quantity of it. It has an enviable reputation which it has acquired upon its own merits alone. My customers assure me of their unlimited confidence in the medicine, and I consider it without a superior in the best of similar specialties. The fact of its having been before the public so long, and the demand still continuing, is proof positive of its appreciation by the afflicted portion of mankind. Respectfully yours,

SAM'L O. JONES.

Prepared by SETH W. FOWLE & CO., Boston and for sale by dealers everywhere.

mch23 dawlm

CARD.

The subscribers, having decided to give their attention to the LUMBER AND COAL BUSINESS, have sold out to *MR. CHAS. A. BABCOCK,* their interest in the *Coal and Storage and Storage Business* carried on by them for some years past, and they now cheerfully recommend Mr. Babcock to the confidence and patronage of their former customers and friends, believing that all who favor him with their patronage can rely upon being served with the BEST VARIETIES OF COAL.

We shall retain an office at our old place of business.

B. B. FARNSWORTH & CO.

Bangor, May 28, 1863.

Notice.

The undersigned having purchased the Buildings and Lease of the Wharf formerly occupied by Messrs. *B. B. FARNSWORTH & CO.,* and their good will in the

Coal and Wharfage and Storage Business,

is fully prepared to furnish all descriptions of COAL, at the lowest market rates.

Having abundant room in his buildings, he will be prepared to receive

Goods of all kinds, on Storage,

And will give careful attention to the receipt and delivery of the same.

CHAS. A. BABCOCK.

Bangor, May 28, 1863. m28

Valuable Real Estate,

On Kenduskeag Avenue,

FOR SALE!

The subscriber offers for sale the valuable Lot and House on Kenduskeag Avenue, recently occupied by D. W. Bartlett, and lying Southerly of and adjoining the estate of John E. Godfrey, Esq.

The lot is about 130 feet on the street, by 212 feet back—has upon it a handsome house, two stories in height, is in a good neighborhood, and will make a desirable residence for any one wishing a good garden. This estate can be had at a bargain, and on easy terms. For particulars enquire of JOHN E. GODFREY or EDWARD ELLISON.

may29 eod1w

All Diseases

Of the Blood Cured

Without the use of Mercury,

BY DR. BROWN,

Office No 45 Main Street, Bangor, between the Hatch and Bangor House. See his Medical Card in this paper. may25 m2w*

Apprentice Wanted,

At this Office apr23

Dr. N. S. JENKINS,

Dental Surgeon,

(Successor to Dr J. K. Lincoln.)

No. 3 Union Block, Main street.

apr25 3m*

GEORGIA L. PEARSON,

Piano-Forte Teacher,

Prospect St., next to High School.

References—H. B. Streeter, L. B. Horton, W. H. Wheeler. april7 eod6m

MARRIED.

In Bradley, May 28th, by Samuel F. Harrison, Esq., Charles H. Hinkley to Miss Louisa L. Spencer, both of Bradley.

DIED:

In this city, 30th ult., Nathaniel Dillingham, aged 80 years.

In this city, 30th ult., Mrs. Margaret Newbert, age. 94 years 3 mos.

In this city, 29th ult., Mrs. wife of David Thompson, aged 65 years 3 mos 28 days.

At Bayou Bend, April 20th, William P., son of E. Nicerson of Orrington, aged 19 years. He was a member of the 2d regt., Co. C, Maine Vols.

Funeral services next Sunday at 3 o'clock, P. M. at the Methodist Meeting house.

In Carlton, Aroostook Co., May 19th, of congestion of the lungs, Mrs. Sarah M. Powell, formerly of Winterport, aged 42.

MARINE JOURNAL.

PORT OF BANGOR

ARRIVED.

FRIDAY, May 29

Brig Maria, Phillips; Sch Chas Henry, Farris, Boston.

Schs Lexington, Crockett, Portland.

Long Wharf, Brimbell; and Roman, Stubbs, Bucksport.

Schs Eagle, Day, Bristol.

Mirror, Nickerson, Hingham.

Grape, Hanson, Brookline.

Ocean Queen, Chadwick, Cushing.

Col Eddy, Blanchard, Kittery.

Aurora, Berry, and Abby Wade, Hutchins, Salem.

SATURDAY, May 30

Schs Sarah Hall, Pierce; Ida May, Arey; Champion, Sennett; Alert, Morrow; Montezuma, Mayo; Boxer, Sutton; Lankerlane, Lawry; A. Hamilin, Lentell, Boston.

Schs John, Lincoln, Francis, Conant, Hingham.

Eliza Matilda, Matthews, Iowa, Wentworth, Salem.

Schs Tahmoroo, Kent, Newburyport.

Meridian, Griffin, Rockport.

Harmony, Smith, Danvers.

Idaho, Linton, Wellfleet.

Corinthian, Tapley, New London.

President Perkins, Lynn.

Sch Juniette, Patten, Parker, Boston;

CLEARED.

30th—Schs John S Paine, Dore, Dennis; Pierce, Tapley, Boston; Frederick Hale, Winchester, do; John & Frank, Hoskford, Salisbury; F A Heath, Williams, Providence; Brenan, French, Fall River; Banner, Tuttle, Gloucester; Slipsen Henry, Anderson, Ellsworth.

PROVOST Marshal General's Office,

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 22d, 1863.

ALL men who desire to join any particular Regiment of Cavalry now in the field, are hereby authorized to present themselves at any time during the next thirty days to the Bases of Enrolment in their respective districts. The Board shall examine them, and determine upon their fitness for the service and if found to be fit, the Provost Marshal of the District shall give them transportation tickets to the General Rendezvous, at the Headquarters of the A. A. Provost Marshal General of the state. As soon as they present themselves at this general Rendezvous they shall be duly mustered by a mustering and disbursing officer, and paid by him the bounty allowed by law.

JAMES B. FRY,

jun1 1m Provost Marshal General.

MASSACHUSETTS DIGEST—By Bennett & Heard. vol. II just received by

jun2 D. BUGBEE & CO.

INCIDENTS OF MY LIFE—by D. D. Home—received by D. BUGBEE & CO.

JOHN S. KIMBALL,

Commission Merchant,

DEALER IN

Flour, Corn, Grain,

Meal, Beans and Lime,

Ship Stores and Family Groceries,

Nos. 80 and 82 Exchange Street,

jun1 BANGOR, ME.

Portland Salt Agency,

East Side.

PREMIUM BUTTER SALT—in any quantity always on hand, at

JOHN S. KIMBALL'S,

jun1 80 and 82 Exchange St.

VINEGAR.

PURE CIDER and White Wine Vinegar always on hand at the Agency.

JOHN S. KIMBALL.

jun1 80 and 82 Exchange St.

PICKLES,

IN Barrels, Jars, and by the Gallon, at

JOHN S. KIMBALL'S,

jun1 80 and 82 Exchange St.

LIME.

FRESH LIME—Constantly on hand at

JOHN S. KIMBALL'S,

jun1 80 and 82 Exchange St.

DRIED APPLE.

25 BARRELS—Quartered and Sliced at

JOHN S. KIMBALL,

jun1 80 and 82 Exchange St.

CREAM TARTAR.

B. TABBETT'S, Eagle Mills, and American Superlative, at

JOHN S. KIMBALL,

jun1 80 and 82 Exchange St.

Soaps and Saleratus.

CASTILE—in Bars and Cakes; Shaving; Oil Soap; Toilet; Sabbath; Family; Pilot, and French Chemical, (to make washing easy) Brown Soap, 6c., at

JOHN S. KIMBALL,

jun1 80 and 82 Exchange St.

Safe Key Found

INQUIRE at 53 West Market Square.

jun1 3t* G. W. MANTON.

WAX MAPS for sale by

may31 B. J. DURRIE.

Great Sale of Plants!

F. H. DUFFY'S

Nursery and Green-House,

HAMPDEN ROAD

THE CHOICE from all that's now left in the Green House, at TEN cents each.

Also, Splendid Bedding Plants,

Such as Lobelias, Heliotropes, Ten Week Stocks in 12 splendid varieties; Balsams, 8 fine varieties; Antirrhinums Dahlias, Splendid Pansies, Asters, &c. Imported New Dwarf or Bouquet Dahlias, equal in form to the finest Pompone Chrysanthemums, but much exceeding them in brilliancy of color; for usefulness in forming Bouquets, Baskets or Vases of Cut Flowers, they have no equal.

Also, Hubbard Squash Plants, Tomato, Celery, Cauliflower; sixteen varieties of Cabbage including Dexy's Premium, some of which weighed last year 44½ lbs.

F. H. DUFFY.

Bangor, June 1, 1863. 1w

CORN AND FLOUR.

4000 BUSHELS MIXED CORN.—

bbls. Extra and Double Extra Flour this day landing and for sale by

SIDNEY THAXTER.

june1 2t

List of Letters

REMAINING uncalled for in the Bangor Post Office May 30 1863. Persons calling for these letters will please say "Advertised."

LADIES' LIST.

A: Ash, mrs A M 2; Addison, mrs Carrie. B: Buzzell, miss Almeda F; Butterfield, miss Abby; Busey, miss Ellen; Bisse, miss Hannah; Blake, miss Hannah M; Bartlett, miss Mary A; Burke, mrs Evelina C; Bartlett, mrs Nellie O; Batchelder, mrs Susan; Harper, mrs Noah A. C: Clark, miss Ida A; Carros, miss Amelie; Campbell, miss Fanny 2; Callaso, miss Margaret; Cochran, miss Mary E; Corner, miss Mary E; Curtis, miss Mary S; Corron, miss Sarah; Chase, mrs A S; Gallahody, mrs Fain; Chapman, mrs Lavinia; Clark, mrs Maria; Cushing, miss Mary; Curtis, mrs Mary; Conley, mrs Mary. D: Dennett, miss Annie T; Dennis, miss Mary G; Dyer, miss Alvira 2; Dole, mrs H M; Dunn, mrs Mary E; Day, mrs S; Dwyer, mrs Hannah, care John Connors; Dodge, miss Hannah; Davis, miss John G, care John P Davis; Downes, mrs John; Donoho, mrs Wm. E: Elliot, mrs Ellen E. F: Fall, miss Sarah E; Ford, miss Annie C; Flaherty, miss Bridget; Flannigan, miss Catherine; Falker, Jennie; Foss, miss Lottie C; Begg, miss Mary A; Fearey, miss Nancy; Foster, mrs Lucy A; Foster, miss Louisa; Farrington, mrs Martha; Flynn, mrs Margaret; Freeman, mrs Nellie; Forbes, mrs Sarah A; Friend, mrs S M; Fuller, mrs Fred A; Farrar, mrs John. G: Gibson, miss Ellen; Goodale, mrs Mary S. H: Halliburton, miss Clara; Herrin, miss Ellen; Hughes, miss F A; Hardy, miss Mary Ann; Hatch, mrs Sarah; Ham, Hannah; Hall, mrs Myrick; Irvine, miss Rebecca. J: Jones, miss Mary A 2; Johnson, miss Lottie 2; Johnson, miss Catherine A; Jackson, mrs Mary E; Jedkins, Mary W; Johnston, mrs Charles. K: Kimball, mrs Rufus; Kuhler, miss J; Kirke, mrs Stephen, care Mrs Kirke. L: Lee, miss Cora M; Lowe, miss Rebecca F 2; Low, miss Sarah S; Lowell, mrs J F. M: Martin, miss Hannah L; Billiken, miss Kitty E; Mills, miss Louisa; McLaughlin, miss Mary A; Murry, miss Margaret; Mead, miss Mary J; Murrill, miss Anna E; McDonald, mrs Elizabeth; McVay, mrs Mary; Mooney, Annie E; Morse, mrs Mary G, care Mr Frost; Morse, mrs Mary, care Nelson Morse. N: Nason, Emma J. O: Oaks, mrs Jane A. P: Pond, miss Elizabeth M; Perry, miss Clara; Phillips, miss Louisa M; Phillips, miss Mary L; Phillips, miss Sarah E; Pierce, mrs Abigail. R: Rose, miss Alaide T; Robinson, mrs Alice A; Rogers, mrs Kate; Rocker, Sophia A; Ramsdell, mrs Wm H; Reynolds, mrs Charles. S: Stevens, miss Lucy A, care S L Stevens; Shea, miss Mary; Shorey, miss Margaret; Smith, miss Lucy E; Smith, miss S M; Smith, mrs Sarah; Severance, mrs Susan; Tucker, miss Sarah D; Tracy, miss Mary; Thoma, mrs Mary; Thubert, mrs W H; Tallman, mrs Peleg. W: Woodbury, miss Chas; Walker, miss Etta; Wiley, miss Fannie M; Whittier, miss Lizzie M; Webber, mrs Mary J; Whitney, miss Rachel; Williams, mrs Fannie; Woods, mrs Mary Ann; Walker, mrs Eliza; Whittier, mrs Sarah E.

GENTLEMEN'S LIST.

A: Amey, Wm P; Adams, Henry F; Addison, Harry. B: Blumenthal, M; Barry, Lawrence; Brown, R H 2; Brinkerhoff, A; Barry, Thomas; Baker, William; Barnes, J B; Segua, John; Bryant, John S Jr.; Bricket, John; Bridges, Jos. S; Burns, James A; Boynton, George; Brannan, Geo O; Brookfield, Francis; Benson, F A; Bragg, Fred; Baker, Elisha; Boston, David; Bragg, Charles S; Boynton, Charles S; Bradbury, S H 2; Briggs, A W; Chase, Alphonso. C: Crockett, capt Zaphariah; Clay, capt. Wm; Clark, Samuel; Clark & Co., S S; Carret, Michael; Clark, Hyram; Lane, Gilbert F; Chamberlin, Frank; Carpenter, Charles B; Cleaves, Allison O; Church, Rev. Albert; Capen, A M; Carlis, Alfred; Condon, James M; Carlin, James; Chenan, John; Cairney, James S; Carlisle, John W; Crosby, Josiah; Corvin, James; Clark, Joseph; Campbell, James; Cleveland, Junson T; Campbell, John; Connelly, John. D: Dudley, E L; Downing, Geo. G; Duo, John; Donegan, James F; Dearborn, John; Davis, Olof P 2; Dow, J F; Dow, Jerry P; Duval, Lawrence; Davis, Mark H; Dunham, Nelson B; Drake, Wm H. E: Emerson, Timothy; Emery, George F. F: Fields, Asa; Folsom, S S W; Farnham, Silas; Freeny, Lather; care capt. Conly; Potter, John M; Foster, H E; Foster, Eben G; Farrell, Bernard. G: Galvin, T P; Glover, Hayden K; Graves, J B; Gilliman, G P. H: Hatch, O; Hare, Cyrus; Hathon, D; Hodgdon, Enoch S; Hall, Simeon; Hodgdon, George H; Hall, John A; Bass, Rufus; Hopkins, Amasa; Harth, Thomas; Hussey, Wm. F; Howard, William, care capt. Jones; Jacobs, Calvin; Jones, Charles A; Jones, Patrick; Jones, Thomas A 2; Jordin, Warren; Kennedy, Taylor; Kennedy, J D; Kane, Thomas; Knight, T G; Kent, Weston G. L: Lord, Chas. A; Lincoln, Charles H; Louks, Erastus S; Leyland, Henry; Labby, John C; Longdon, Ross; Luce, capt. Moses; Lindsey, Samuel; Lawrence, Wm. M; Ladd, N H; Lenn, Kenneth M. M: Morin, Alfred; Manson, Alpheus B; Mann, A F; McCann, Bernard; Millett, Clark; Meghan, Dennis; Moore, David; Morrill, E W; McGann, John H; Murlaty, John; Marsh, Michael; McKenna, F. N: Nutter, Solon; Nickerson, Ebenezer; Nickerson, Jno. K 2; Negie, James; Nujes, capt M R. O: Overlock, Amasa; O'Connell, Michael, care Margaret Connell. P: Philbrick, Wm W; Packhard, Stephen O; Page, Jonas; Potter, H S; Palmer, Edward; Perkins, Appleton. R: Raines, Calvin; Ross, Charles; Roberts, Charles B; Roberts, C F; Rogan, James; Regor, J W; Ryder, capt Samuel. S: Sawyer, A W; Smith, mr Jeweller; Savey, nam, care capt Abner Small; Sawyer, Charles H; Simpson, Charles; Sawyer, C F; Simons, Edwin; Sculfield, Emery; Stetson, Franklin; Selden, F C; Smith, Hiram; Sturgess, Ira D; Sanborn, Joseph; Spaulding, John; Sample, John; Small, B F, care S S Shaw; Staples, Samuel; Sugarman, Solomon 2; Smith, S Frank; Sessions, Thomas; Small, William. T: Trent, Joshua D, care capt. Lapher; Tracy, E M; Tabbey, capt. S S; Tobey, John; Temple, Joseph. V: Verrill, Henry; Varney, William. W: Works, A G; Williams, A F; Winson, Edward B; Weeks, George 2; Woodbury, G W; Waite, Rev. G W; West, H H; Wilson, Jarvis; Whilden, Josiah B; Wilep, James S; Walker, Joseph; Walker, Jefferson; Wellington, N. Y: Young, S; Young, Franklin; Young, Stephen R; Young, Romulus P.

JASON WEEKS, P. M.

Beet and Pork.

MESS BEEF—Extra Mess and Prime Mess Beef and Pork.

Bond's Crackers,

AND BALL'S PILOT BREAD.

SEED.

HERDSGRASS AND CLOVER SEED.

June-Day SALE

Wanted.

CUSTOM

Wheelwright & Carr.

Maine Central Railroad

ON and after Monday, May 4th, 1863, Passenger Trains will leave Bangor for

[illegible]

Whig & Courier.

[illegible] of Despatches see First Page.

Movement of the Rebels on the Rappahannock.

Destroyed by Rebels on the Orange & Alexandria R. R

—o—

OFFICIAL NEWS

FROM

VICKSBURG.

—o—

Particulars of Capture

OF

YAZOO CITY.

—o—

Destruction of a Monster Rebel Ram.

—o—

LATER FROM EUROPE.

—o—

WASHINGTON, 30

[illegible] arrived tonight from the Rappahannock [illegible] large columns of the enemy in [illegible] yesterday by the lines of [illegible] of their river front while one [illegible] was moving southward. The [illegible] of the mass appeared to be going [illegible] of Kelly's Ford and Culpepper [illegible] infantry guard at Banks' and United States Fords had been considerably increased [illegible] past day or two, which is construed [illegible] quarters as a ruse to cover the move [illegible] raid by Stuart's rebel cavalry via [illegible] and Rappahannock Station.

[illegible] Blair of Michigan, paid a visit to [illegible] yesterday, accompanied by several [illegible]. They were courteously and warmly [illegible] by the General, and left with favorable [illegible] of his ability to defeat the rebels [illegible] the opportunity shall arrive.

[illegible] the enemy are preparing to [illegible] somewhere on our lines [illegible] on the part of the rebels may [illegible] to draw attention from some [illegible].

NEW YORK, 31st

[illegible] Potomac despatch of the 30th [illegible] held a grand review near [illegible] on the 29th [illegible] of a cavalry skirmish at [illegible].

[illegible] indications of an attack by Lee, [illegible] along the lines.

[illegible] papers contain the following despatches:

Leavenworth, May 29th

[illegible] Phillips, commanding in the Indian [illegible] a severe fight with a portion of [illegible] the 20th. The enemy crossed [illegible] near Fort Gibson. Col Philips [illegible]. Our loss was 30 killed—the [illegible] greater. The enemy was led by [illegible] Cooper and McIntosh.

[illegible] massed on our front, claiming [illegible] considerable artillery. We have [illegible] and one battery, but are well [illegible] evidently the advance of Price's [illegible].

[illegible] from Fort Larned inform us of the [illegible] southwest of a large rebel [illegible] Indians, with the design to [illegible] to New Mexico.

[illegible] are becoming more [illegible] is inadequate, but General [illegible] the best possible fight.

NEW YORK, 31st

[illegible] Washington special despatch [illegible] arrangements relative [illegible] papers will restore about [illegible] officers to duty. The 4500 [illegible] at Memphis will be [illegible] and Indianapolis.

[illegible] the operations of General [illegible] balance in our favor.

[illegible] Washington despatch states Mosby [illegible] ten cars and locomotive [illegible] Alexandria Railroad—[illegible] afterwards gave the guerillas a [illegible] captured a number of men [illegible] artillery. At last advices our [illegible] pursuing them.

NEW YORK, 31st.

[illegible] Court House despatch to the Herald [illegible] says a detachment of Vermont [illegible] yesterday near Thoroughfare [illegible] rebel cavalry. The latter fled, [illegible] and two wounded.

[illegible] despatch says on the morning of the [illegible] attacked a train of sixteen cars [illegible] loaded with forage. The train [illegible] and the cars burned—[illegible] train escaped.

[illegible], which reached the place 15 [illegible] the occurrence. They pursued [illegible] came up with them. A brisk [illegible] resulting in the capture of [illegible] of artillery.

[illegible] were a portion of Mosby's guerillas [illegible] were captured.

[illegible] dates of the 26th say there were [illegible] her expedition against the [illegible] interior. A large body of troops [illegible] to be in readiness to leave and gun[illegible] light draught transports were being [illegible] the occasion.

[illegible] has been arrested with plans and [illegible] upon him.

[illegible] were being made at all points of [illegible] a large force of rebels who [illegible] lately making suspicious movements.

PHILADELPHIA, 30th.

[illegible] despatch dated Cincinnati, 30th says [illegible] received from the Lower Mississippi [illegible] date, says there has been no [illegible] at Vicksburg since last Monday. [illegible] the river batteries had been silenced, [illegible] dangerous ones were yet in operation [illegible] gunboats were shelling them.

WASHINGTON, 31st

[illegible] following despatch was received at the [illegible] Department to day—

Flagship Black Hawk, Miss Squadron,
Near Vicksburg, May 25th,
Via Cairo May 30th,

Hon Gideon Welles, Secretary of Navy:

Sir—I have the honor to inform you that the [illegible] under the command of Lieutenant Walker, after taking possession of Haines' Bluff, was perfectly successful.

Three powerful steamers and a ram were destroyed at Yazoo City.

The ram was a monster, 310 feet long and 70 feet beam, to be covered with 4 inch plates—Also a fine navy yard with machine shops of all kinds—saw mills, blacksmith shops, &c—were burned.

The property destroyed and captured amounted to over two millions dollars.

Had the monster ram been finished, she would have given us some trouble.

One battery was destroyed at Drury Bluff. Our loss in the expedition was 1 killed and 7 wounded.

(Signed) DAVID D PORTER,
A. R'A, Com'd'g Mississippi Squadron

New York, 31st.

St. Paul papers contain the following:

We learn that certain information has been received at Fort Abercrombie, on the 17th, of Joe Demeris, a son of the interpreter. He came from St Joseph, by way of Devil's Lake, leaving Devil's Lake on the 9th, where the refugees encamped 600 lodges of Indians, or about 1800 warriors, with Little Crow at their head. They are encamped on the prairie near the timber, and near the peninsula that runs down into the lake on the North side, in the vicinity of Burns Island, which is the place of rendezvous of the hostile Sioux. He says Little Crow's band are well supplied with ammunition, and that the others have none.

Little Crow and his soldiers have been assiduously engaged in circulating reports that all those who gave themselves up last fall were killed by the whites, and by this means is trying to induce them to engage in war against the whites.

New York 31st

The Mercury has the following despatch from Washington:

"Reliable information is at hand tonight that a portion of General Lee's army has swung around on the Orange & Alexandria Railroad at Culpepper. The rebel General Hooks' division occupied that place yesterday.

"Today a supply train of 12 cars laden with stores was captured between Manassas and Warrenton. The rebels took up the track, which was discovered by the Engineer, and the train was halted. No sooner had it fully stopped than a 12 pound shot was sent through the boiler of the engine from a field piece concealed in the woods. The train was burned and all the men taken prisoners who were running it. This was probably the work of General Mosby's men—There are no signs that the enemy has attempted to cross the Rappahannock at any place between Culpepper and 60 miles distant from Falmouth.

Murfreesboro, 30th

The Chattanooga Rebel of the 29th has the following:

Mobile, 28th

Reports from below Vicksburg say General Banks has crossed the Mississippi with his army at Bayou Sara.

General Grant sent in a flag of truce yesterday, about the sick and wounded. The loss of the Federals in the assault upon Vicksburg was far greater than in any battle during the war.

The Mississippian says Saturday's battle at Vicksburg was the most stubborn of all.

The quartermaster at Canton says the Yankee gunboats have left Yazoo City.

Richmond, Va., 27th

A private despatch from Canton, Miss says all was well yesterday. Vicksburg holds out bravely.

The rebels believe the army of the Cumberland is in a weaker condition to-day than at any time since the battle of Murfreesboro. They think Rosecrans has reinforced Grant.

The Rebel thinks Vallandigham's chance of being Governor of Ohio, is very fair, and says that with such a man for President, we could always have peace.

Vallandigham is still at Shelbyville. He will go to Virginia in a few days.

Cincinnati, 31

The Commercial has the following—

The Appeal of the 20th says two gunboats had been sunk at Vicksburg.

Colonel Grierson's cavalry made another raid from Baton Rouge, capturing and destroying a large rebel camp.

Pemberton's Quartermaster has succeeded in running 700 mules out of Vicksburg. Thus, by the reduced consumption of corn, the garrison has rations for 90 days.

The Atlanta (Ga) Commonwealth of the 28th notices the arrival of Breckinridge in that city.

St Louis, 30th.

A despatch from General Blunt to General Schofield, states that the rebels crossed Arkansas river near Fort Gibson, on the 20th, and attacked Colonel Phillips, but were repulsed and driven back across the river. Our loss was 30 killed—the enemy's much greater.

All the difficulties between General Schofield and Herron have been reconciled, and General Herron assumes command of the army of the frontier, and leaves for the field at once. Extensive preparations are being made in St Louis for the relief of the wounded from Vicksburg.

Cincinnati, 31st

On Thursday next General Burnside will remove the headquarters of the department of the Ohio, to Hickman Bridge Ky, about 10 miles south of Nicholasville.

Brig Gen N C McLean has been appointed Provost Marshal General of the department of the Ohio, with his headquarters at Cincinnati.

A despatch from Gen Burnside has been sent to Gen Bragg, announcing his determination to hang all the rebel officers in his hands, in case retaliation for the two spies tried and executed in accordance with the usages of war should be resorted to by the rebel government.

Fortress Monroe, 29th

The election in Norfolk and Portsmouth, yesterday, resulted in the triumph of the entire Union ticket. The election passed off quietly.

Twenty-five deserters from a Mississippi reg't came into Suffolk yesterday and took the oath of allegiance. They are to be sent North on the Baltimore boat.

4 p. m.—Mr Segar has just received a telegram from the Eastern Shore, saying that he is elected to Congress.

Albany, N. Y., 30th

This morning at 9 o'clock, while the clerk of Thomas Squires, broker, was at the door of his office, looking at the 13th regiment, which was passing by, some adroit thief entered the place by a side door, and stole $16,000 in $100 packages, the bills of which were all on the State banks.

Philadelphia, 31st.

The general Subscription Agent, reports the sale of $1,834,600 in 5-20's yesterday at various agencies.

Washington, 31st

A despatch was received this afternoon from General Stahl, dated Fairfax Court House today, in which he says Mosby, with 200 men and one howitzer, attacked our train of cars near Catlett's Station yesterday, and the guard having escaped he burned the train. The locomotive is not much damaged.

Newbern, N. C., 28th.

The two dispatch steamers Emily and Arrow which were captured by the rebels in Currituck canal are now at Franklin, on the Blackwater.

A drummer boy named Lavender French, Co. K, 27th Mass regiment, went into the fight near Kingston with a rifle and captured 25 rebels belonging to the 56th N C regiment and one Lieutenant unassisted. He found his prisoners in an ambush. They supposed he represented a large force and finding out their mistake they were inclined to resist, but the little hero being in possession of their arms he obliged the captives to walk before his levelled piece and generally submit to his imperative order.

New York, 31st

The Pine street News Room has advices from Venezuela of April 30th.

The country has become tranquil, the government of Paez having been acknowledged by the federals. A national convention was soon to be held, and it is proposed to reinstate the republic of Columbia.

New York, 31st

The President of the Ocean Bank, D R Martin, has donated to Colonel Howe of the New England Rooms 60 boxes of lemons for the use of soldiers in the hospitals at Washington—They were forwarded yesterday by Adams' express. The ladies of the New England Association will forward 40 more boxes on Tuesday to Surgeon General Hammond.

Cape Race, 29th.

Steamship Jura, from Liverpool 21st via Londonderry 22d, was boarded by the Associated Press news yacht at five this afternoon.

Political intelligence unimportant.

There was a general feeling of suspense for later American news.

Liverpool, 22d. Rumors of an armistice in America, brought by the Glasgow, which reached here to-day, have created a buoyancy in the cotton market.

The Saxonia did not leave Southampton on the 20th, owing to damages to her machinery. The Hammonia was expected there on the 22d to take her place.

The absence of later American news than that by the Persia causes feeling of suspense, and vague rumors such as an armistice and the surrender of Hooker's army, and some papers profess to see a faint glimmer of peace.

Lord Clyde is pronounced almost out of danger.

The Liverpool Mercury publishes another lot of anonymous correspondence in regard to federal operations in England in the matter of secret agencies or recruiting.

France

Admiral Gravière having resigned the naval command in Mexico to Admiral Bosse, has returned to France bearing Gen. Forey's report of operations at Puebla down to April 17, at which date the prospects of a French success were stated to be excellent. A French man of war had been sent to Piraeus in consequence of the unsettled state of Greece.

The International Congress at Paris, on the postal question, has appointed a sub-committee to prepare business and thus accelerate proceedings. Mr Kasson, the delegate from the United States, is a member of this committee.

Advices from Cherbourg reports that considerable reinforcements are being despatched from there to the French army in Mexico.

The Paris bourse was steady at 69f 50c.

There is nothing new as to the movements of the Polish insurgents.

The number of insurgents in the Kingdom of Poland is estimated by the Times' correspondent not to exceed 20,000, and in Lechoran at under 10,000. The number of small bands continuing from 50 to 500 men is about 200.

In Spain the sentence of imprisonment and hard labor at the galleys, against the Granada Protestants, had been commuted into banishment for a corresponding period.

The Cork Examiner contains correspondence from various parts of Ireland which leaves scarcely any doubt that recruiting for the Northern army is attempted to be carried out on an extensive scale. It appears that Whitehallville, Charleville and other places, have been visited by several American gentlemen of military aspect, who publicly offered to give passage to any number of young men willing to accept, to New York or free passage each, with the certainty of remunerative work when they arrive there. The police were present on several occasions which obviously discomfited the strangers, but as there was nothing illegal in the proposals, no proceedings could be taken. Several hundred young men await the sailing of the next steamer, and beyond all doubt have engaged to go to America on the terms offered by the American agents.

New York 31st

Steamer Sidon, from Liverpool 19th, Queenstown 20th, arrived this afternoon. Her advices are anticipated by the Jura.

The destruction of American vessels off Pernambuco by the pirates had reached England.

Mr Bayard stated in Parliament that the British Consul at Mobile was promptly dismissed for shipping specie on a British war vessel.

In the House of Lords, Marquis Clanricarde denounced the seizures of British vessels by federal cruisers as a violation of the law of nations, and complained of the proceedings of the U S prize courts.

Earl Russell defended the course of the American Government, and said that all their communications showed that they fully respected international law, and desired to act accordingly. The law officers of the crown in all cases of complaint reported that there was no reasonable ground of objection to the decision of the U S prize court. He thought that blockade runners, when they lost a vessel, demanded redress with all the airs of injured innocence. He denied that the Alabama was fitted out with the cognizance of the British government.

The Earl of Derby fully concurred with Earl Russell, and thought every allowance ought to be made for the provocation the Americans must feel at seeing so much commerce carried on with the Confederates, notwithstanding the blockade.

Further advices from Hooker's battles are eagerly awaited.

The Times looks on Hooker's design as frustrated, and thinks his defeat will be the last chance of success in Virginia.

The Post and Herald think Hooker sustained a disastrous defeat.

Other journals regard the affair as inconclusive, and are still hopeful of success.

The reply of President Lincoln to the address to the address of the Emancipation Society, had been received.

The loss of the rebel generals in the late battles of the Rappahannock was extraordinary. The Richmond papers have already published among their killed and wounded, Lieut General Jackson, dead, Brig Gen Thomas, killed; Gen A P Hill wounded, Brig Gen Paxton, killed, Brig Gen McGowan, wounded, Brig Gen Nicholls, wounded, leg amputated, Brig Gen Hoke, wounded. Every staff officer of A P Hill was either killed, wounded or captured. Half of Jackson's staff shared the same fate.

A correspondent of the New York Tribune says he learned from one of the heads of Department at Washington, that the War Office was in possession of facts which led it to believe that Gen Jackson was purposely shot by one of his own men, he having excited a revengeful hatred on account of his rigid and tyrannical control over his troops.

The Hartford Press says it has very high authority for stating that Georgia is on the point of sending commissioners to ask admission into the Union on the basis of the *status quo*. And there is also reason to believe that Mr Seward would urgently favor it.

☞ Governor Coburn, we are happy to state, is recovering slowly from his recent alarming illness, and is now considered out of danger.—He is still very weak, but if no relapse takes place he will be able to return home and attend to business within a week or so. His proposed visit to the State Prison with the Council, is deferred by reason of his illness, and also the fact that the new Warden of the institution has not entered upon the duties of his station.—*Portland Press.*

☞ A young man named N. Leighton, Jr, belonging in Jonesport, while at Addison Point in a vessel, had his arm so badly shattered on Friday last, by the accidental discharge of a gun that it was found necessary to amputate it just below the elbow.—*Machias Republican.*

The number of vessels taken by Southern privateers is 106 and the property lost was of the value of $10,000,000. Our little bill against John Bull is increasing rapidly.

The newspapers are bringing to mind the fact that, should Vicksburg be taken by General Grant, the case will be one of just retribution upon the first city that in this rebellion hurled hostile shot against the flag of the nation. Three months before the attack on Fort Sumter, and four days after the formal secession of the State of Mississippi, on January 9, 1861, (the first to follow South Carolina), a frantic crew of artillerists, calling themselves the Quitman Battery, planted their field pieces on the bluff at Vicksburg, and on Tuesday, the 18th, brought to the first river steamer, the A O Tyler—by that act establishing the blockade of the peaceful travel of the Mississippi, while yet every State bordering on the river, save Mississippi alone, was still in the Union.

GLORIOUS NEWS

Silas S. Drew,

32 Main Street,

HAS JUST RECEIVED

ANOTHER LOT

Of Merrimac and Manchester

Dress Remnants

Which will be sold at

12 1-2 Cents per Yard.

SILAS S. DREW,
32 Main Street,

Would respectfully call the attention of buyers to his

[illegible]

—OF—

Rich Foreign

DRESS GOODS,

SUCH AS

Plain and Brocaded Black Silks, Plain Green, Brown, Drab and Blue Silks.

LET EVERY LADY

IN WANT OF A

GOOD SILK,

Bear it in mind that this is the

Largest & Best Assortment

Of Silks in Solid Colors ever brought into this State

I have the celebrated

"English Crown," "Bischof," "Lustreless" Black Silks,

And all other celebrated European makes

NEW

Spring and Summer Dress Goods,

Such as Taffetas, Garibaldi Stripes Garibaldi Plaids, Poplins, Travelling Mixtures, Goats Hair Goods, Mohairs, and Camels Hair Lustres. Plain Alpaccas, in all the Beautiful Shades of Drab, Stone, Green, Slate, Brown, Magenta, and Ashes-of-Roses

Plain All-Wool Delaines,
Striped All-Wool Delaines,
French, English and American

PRINTS!

A VERY LARGE ASSORTMENT
OF NEW STYLES

SHAWLS, CAPES

AND RAGLANS,

All which will be sold at the very lowest market prices.

SILAS S. DREW

Would assure all Cash Buyers that his is the ONLY House in the East where they can find a COMPLETE and CHOICE ASSORTMENT of

FASHIONABLE

DRESS GOODS

Also, a Full Assortment

—OF—

[illegible]

SHIRTINGS,
Crashes, Table Linen and Table Covers, Check Cambrics, White Linens, &c.

[illegible]

Special attention is solicited to the Stock of
Woolen Goods,
Broadcloths,
Doeskins,
Satinetts,
Tweeds,
Cassimeres,
Flannels,
Ladies' Cloths,
&c., &c.,

WHICH CAN ALWAYS BE FOUND AT

Silas S. Drew's,

No. 32,

MAIN STREET.

June [illegible]

For Portland and Boston.

1863—SUMMER ARRANGEMENT—1863

The New, Staunch, Commodious and Very Swift Steamer

HARVEST MOON,

Capt. W R. ROIX,

Will leave BANGOR MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and FRIDAY mornings, at 7 o'clock for PORTLAND, touching at intermediate landings, connecting at Portland with the Portland Steam Packet Co's Steamers same evening, for Boston and with Boston & Maine, and Eastern Railroad the following morning for Lowell, Lawrence, Boston and intermediate stations, also, with Grand Trunk Railway for Canada and the West.

Returning

Will leave Grand Trunk Wharf Portland, TUESDAYS, THURSDAYS and SATURDAYS at 6 o'clock A. M., or on arrival of steamer from Boston for Bangor and intermediate landings on the River.

Freights taken for Portland and Boston at usual rates.

FARES.

From Bangor, Hampden, Winterport and Bucksport to Boston by steamer, $4 00
By Railroad from Portland, 4 50
To Portland, 3 00

☞ For further information apply to J. O KENDRICK, Agent—office No 3 West Market Square, Bangor

apr24 sn

Sanford's Independent Line,

FOR BOSTON AND LOWELL.

Arrangement for the Season of 1863.

The New and Superior Steamer

KATAHDIN,

CAPT. CHAS. B. SANFORD,

1300 Tons Burthen, built expressly for the Bangor and Boston Outside Route,

Will leave Bangor for Boston every Monday and Thursday Forenoon at 11 o'clock—touching at all the usual landings on the River and Bay.

Returning,

Will leave Foster's South Wharf, Boston for Bangor and intermediate landings, every Tuesday and Friday Afternoon at 5 o'clock.

FARE—From Bangor, Hampden, Winterport and Bucksport to Boston $4 00
To Lowell, 4 50
Meals Extra

Agents on the River—T R Wasgatt Hampden, John Stokell, Winterport, I W Patterson, Bucksport, J H Lane, Searsport, Dan'l Lane Jr Belfast, E M Wood, Camden, M W Farwell, Rockland.

No Camphene Matches Burning Fluid, or other extra hazardous freight taken.

All Freight must be accompanied by a Bill of Lading in duplicate.

may 28 LOOMIS TAYLOR, Agent

Dr. W. H. BROWN

Has changed his residence to First Street, first house from the Unitarian Church.

Office same as before—corner of Hammond and Franklin streets apr7

CUMBERLAND COAL.

I would inform my customers and the public that I have the pure George's Creek *CUMBERLAND COAL*, and that no other person in Bangor has any Cumberland Coal. This I assert to be a fact, notwithstanding others have advertised their Coal to be Cumberland and twenty per cent better than any other sold here. My Coal is twenty per cent better than Broadtop Coal.

May 21, 1863 sn JOHN HUCKINS.

Dr THOMAS U COE,

Physician and Surgeon,

Office, No 3 Union Block, Main Street. Residence, No 7 Court street

jan1 sntf

Luxuriant Hair for All!

Bogle's Hyperion Fluid Restores and Dresses Hair
Bogle's Electric Hair Dye. Best in the World
Bogle's Balm of Cytheria. Cures Tan and Pimples.
Bogle's Wigs and Hair Work. New Improvements
Surpass all others. Cheapest, best, and must reliable. Try. Be convinced. W BOGLE
apr16 3m3m 202 Washington St., Boston

BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE.

THE BEST IN THE WORLD!

WILLIAM A. BATCHELOR'S celebrated Hair Dye produces a color not to be distinguished from nature—warranted not to injure the Hair in the least, remedies the ill effects of bad dyes, and invigorates the Hair for life. GREY, RED or RUSTY HAIR instantly turns a splendid Black or Brown, leaving the Hair soft and beautiful. Sold by all Druggists, &c.

☞ The Genuine is signed WILLIAM A. BATCHELOR on the four sides of each box.

Factory, No. 81 Barclay Street,
(Late 233 Broadway and 16 Bond Street,
n19 6d d&w1y New York.

KENT & STONE,

WILL receive from New York on WEDNESDAY, New and Elegant

[illegible]

And Shawls,

In Choice and Fashionable Designs.

Alexandre Kid and Fabrique Gloves,

Silks, and Colors, for Ladies and Gentlemen.

m26 No. 7 MAIN STREET.

Stumpage for Sale.

HEMLOCK LOG AND BARK STUMPAGE. Apply to ALBERT EMERSON, 20 Summer Street, Bangor

May 26, 1863 d&w3w

[illegible]

1000 Bushels Seed Oats at
No. 39 West Market Square.
Edwin Chick.

may26 2w*

EMERSON'S FLOWER SEEDS—for sale by E. F. DUREN.
m26

[illegible]—Peterson rec'd by D. BUGBEE & CO.

LYON'S KATHAIRON.

Kathairon is derived from the Greek word "Kathro," or Katharo," signifying to cleanse, rejuvinate and restore. This article is what its name signifies. For preserving restoring and beautifying the human hair it is the most remarkable preparation in the world. It is owned and put up by the original proprietor, and is now made with the same care, skill and attention which gave it a sale of over one million bottles per annum.

It is a most delightful Hair Dressing.
It eradicates scurf and dandruff.
It keeps the head cool and clean.
It makes the hair rich, soft and glossy.
It prevents the hair from falling off and turning gray.
It restores hair upon bald heads.

Any lady or gentleman who values a beautiful head of hair should use Lyon's Kathairon. It is known and used throughout the civilized world—sold by all respectable dealers.

DEMAS S. BARNES & CO., Proprietors,
May 29th, 1863 1aeod6m New York

S—T—1860—X.

Drake's Plantation Bitters.

They purify, strengthen and invigorate.
They create a healthy appetite.
They are an antidote to change of water and diet.
They overcome effects of dissipation and late hours.
They strengthen the system and enliven the mind.
They prevent miasmatic and intermittent fevers.
They purify the breath and acidity of the stomach.
They cure Dyspepsia and Constipation.
They cure Diarrhea, Cholera and Cholera Morbus.
They cure Liver Complaint and Nervous Headache.

They are the best Bitters in the world. They make the weak man strong, and are exhausted nature's great restorer. They are made of pure St Croix Rum, the celebrated Calisaya Bark, roots and herbs and are taken with the pleasure of a beverage, without regard to age or time of day—Particularly recommended to delicate persons requiring a gentle stimulant. Sold by B F Bradbury, N S Harlow, Wm Mann and W L Alden of Bangor, and by all Grocers, Druggists, Hotels and Saloons. P H Drake & Co., 202 Broadway, New York may29 1ad6m

E. M. Conf. Seminary,

Bucksport.

THE SUMMER SESSION of this School will open MONDAY May 25th.
No increase of rates in tuition or board.
Address, JAS. B. CRAWFORD
m12 3w Principal

SPRING STYLES

Hats & Caps

Just Received!

THE subscriber has just returned from Boston, with a FULL STOCK of the above articles, which he offers for sale CHEAP FOR CASH.

☞ Hats made to measure in latest style.

ALSO, A LARGE STOCK OF

Trunks, Valises, Carpet Bags, &c

V. L. Catinaud.

May [illegible]

House Lots for Sale.

SIX CHOICE HOUSE LOTS—on the South East side of Fourth Street, and South of the Orphan Asylum—50 feet front by 153 feet deep.

Also Two House Lots on the North west side of Third Street opposite the School House, about 55 feet front by 150 feet deep.

Terms of payment liberal. Apply to T. W. BALDWIN, 58 Third Street

may25 1m

Oats. Oats.

3000 Bushels Oats,

AT

No. 45, West Market Square.
G. C. PICKERING.

may12 1m

Choice Flower Seeds.

I would invite the attention of all lovers of Beautiful Flowers to my collection of seed, which has been recently imported, comprising all the desirable varieties of

Truffaut's Peonies, Perfection & Quilled German Asters, Balsams Cockscombs Larkspurs Ten Week Stocks, Everlastings Pansys Verbenas, Petunias, Portulaca, Paloxes, Pinks &c

—ALSO—

Plants of the above, for bedding out, will be for sale in May. ALBERT NOYES
mch18 tf (Times)

Rich Jewelry!

I am now opening one of the Largest and Best Assortments of

Gold, Silver, Diamond and Fancy Goods,

Ever displayed in this city. Also, about FIFTY different styles of

PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS

Please call and examine.

J. S. Tompkins,
dec23 28 MAIN STREET

Boots, Shoes,

HATS, TRUNKS,

Gents' Furnishing Goods, &c.

200 CASES AND PACKAGES—Comprising the largest and best assortment in the city, at Wholesale and retail, at

Thomas Hersey's,
m15 No 20 Main Street

MADAME L. ZIMMERMANN

PIANO TEACHER.

MUSIC ROOMS, - - - No. 90 Main Street, WASHINGTON BUILDING
ch14 dtf

BANGOR BREWERY

For Sale.

THE subscriber, having made arrangements to establish a Malting House, and thinking that the care of my Brewery and Malting House will be more than I can well attend to I have concluded to sell my Brewery, and I now offer it for sale with all barrels and fixtures. It is in complete order. I have experienced men in all the different branches of the business—and any one desiring to engage in a profitable cash business, will find this an opportunity that seldom occurs. I will sell at a small advance above cost. For further information, please call on the subscriber. JOSEPH W. LOW

Bangor, May 21, 1863 1m

PETERSON—For June, rec'd by PATCH & HIGHT
m21

Pasture for Horses.

A LIMITED number of Horses will be taken by the week or season, in one of the best Pastures, with an unfailing supply of Water. Apply to A. J. BUTTERFIELD'S Livery and Boarding Stable Central Street, Bangor
m21 2w*

ALLEN'S REPORTS—Vol. 4 rec'd by D. BUGBEE & CO.
m21

Paints, Oils, Varnishes,

LEADS AND ZINC—With all kinds of Colors, &c., for sale by B. F. BRADBURY.
may19

FOR SALE,

A good House Lot, situated on Centre Street, nearly opposite Madison Street and adjoining the house lot lately purchased by F E Shaw, Esq.

Also, a very fine lot pleasantly situated, lying between French Street and Broadway, with a front of 100 feet on each street and a good variety of fine Fruit Trees, now in a bearing state, on a part of the lot. Call at A BARTLETT'S Book Store
may22

FOR SALE,

Four small Wooden Tenements, containing five rooms each, at a bargain, if applied for soon. Also, two FARMS. Apply to ALBERT EMERSON,
may21 d&w2w 20, Summer Street.

FOR RENT,

A convenient Brick Store,—situate on State street—second store from the corner of East Market Square. Please call on
m30 ABM. WAKEFIELD

Preble House

PORTLAND, ME.

Situated on Congress corner of Preble Street.

This is the largest Hotel in the State possessing all the modern improvements, and first class in every appointment.

CHAS H. ADAMS, Proprietor
may13 d6m

House for Sale.

The House formerly occupied by John Wilkins, Esq., lot adjoining the Court House, and running from Hammond street to Kenduskeag stream.

☞ For further particulars enquire of JOHN H DOANE, Orrington, or CHARLES M DOANE Brewer mch4 3m*

FOR RENT.

THE

New England House,

BELFAST, Maine

THE BEST PUBLIC HOUSE IN THE CITY

J. F. HALL, Agent

Belfast, April 3d, 1863 a4*

To Let,

STORE No 2 Broad street, formerly occupied by J T & C C Strickland. Apply to ALFRED VEAZIE
apr3

Vessels Wanted,

Immediately,

To load ICE at Bangor, for Philadelphia and Baltimore.

Enquire of BACON & AMES

Bangor, May 26th 1wf

Vessel Wanted,

A good Spar Vessel of about 200 tons wanted to load at Winterport by FRED ATWOOD, Winterport
2[illegible] tf

Wanted,

IMMEDIATELY, Vessels to load ICE at Bangor for Washington.

FRED ATWOOD, Winterport, Me
may19 tf

P. McConville & Co., Shipping Agents

Crews furnished at short notice.

Also Recruiting Agents for United States Navy

KENDUSKEAG BRIDGE, BANGOR
m14

VESSELS WANTED!

—BY—

Fred Atwood,

WINTERPORT
mch9 tf

Vessels Wanted.

THREE OR FOUR Vessels of 150 to 200 M capacity for desirable West India Ports. Favorable charters and quick dispatch given.

B B FARNSWORTH & CO
apr28 tf

Bounty and Pensions.

I AM PREPARED to obtain BOUNTIES due to the friends of deceased soldiers, and PENSIONS for those disabled in the service.

Charges moderate and attention prompt.

☞ Office on Hammond Street, opposite City Hall. WM C CROSBY, Attorney

Bangor July 15 1862 tf

☞ To Gardeners and Farmers!

Seed for Hot-Beds.

Premium Flat Dutch, Early Ox Heart, Winningstadt and Savoy Cabbage Seed, Salisia Lettuce, Long Scarlet Radish Celery and Tomato Seed—of the best qualities, for sale by the subscriber ALBERT NOYES

march 16 tf
(Times copy)

COE'S Super-Phosphate of Lime

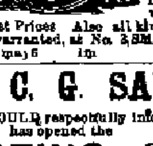
DIRECT from the Manufacturer—for sale by EDWIN CHICK.
may5 4w*

Read—Read.

NAVY Cavendish and 10s Tobacco, N O, Crush'd Granulated and Powdered Sugars, Teas, Coffee Spices Soap Rice Lard, Bags Soda, Saleratus, Brooms, Pails Tubs, Crackers, Pilot Bread and Groceries. For prices enquire at

A. M. SHAW'S,
m15 48 & 44, West Market Square

W. F. WEEKS. WATCHMAKER,



Has received from the importers a fine assortment of

ENGLISH
SWISS
and
AMERICAN

Watches,

In Gold & Silver Cases which will be sold at the Lowest Prices. Also all kinds of Watches repaired and warranted, at No. 3 SMITH'S BLOCK, Bangor
may6 1m

C. G. SAWYER,

WOULD respectfully inform the public that he has opened the

EATING SALOON,

IN

WHEELWRIGHT & CLARK'S BLOCK.

Formerly occupied by D Warren,

Where he will wait on his customers with

Meals & Lunches at all hours,

AT REASONABLE PRICES.
m11

New Goods.

AYER'S PILLS AND SARSAPARILLA—Sambucal Wine, Plantation Bitters, Davis' Pain Killer, Hininger's Tonics, Worm Lozenges, Cocoa Castorine—and a long list of other Patent Medicines. N. S HARLOW, Smith's Block
m18

STEEL PENS.

WE have opened an Invoice of our Quill, Elastic and 404 pens, also, our celebrated H pen for sale by may 21 D BUGBEE & CO.

Useful Books.

THE Marble Worker's Manual, The Miller and Millwright's Assistant, the Bookbinder's Manual, the Practical Brewer, the Inventor's Guide—and many other Books, for sale cheap by ALONZO BARTLETT
m26

JUNE ATLANTIC received by D. BUGBEE & CO.
m21

EDMUND A. SOUDER & CO., Shipping & Commission Merchants

DOCK STREET WHARF,
(Established 1836.) PHILADELPHIA

EDMUND A. SOUDER, ARCHIBALD GETTY, THOMAS T. SOUDER
Jun17d&wly

NewspaperARCHIVE®

NewspaperARCHIVE®

BY AUTHORITY.

Laws of the United States.

Passed at the Third Session of the Thirty-Seventh Congress.

PUBLIC—No. 41.]

AN ACT to prevent correspondence with rebels.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That if any person being a resident of the United States, or being a citizen thereof, and residing in any foreign country, shall, without the permission or authority of the United States, and with the intent to defeat the measures of the said Government, or to Wound in any Way their efficacy, hold correspondence, directly or indirectly, by cipher, cipher or intercipher, writing or verbal, with the present pretended rebel Government, or with any officer or agent thereof, or with any individual acting or pretending to act therein; or if any such person above mentioned, shall knowingly and wilfully accrued or assist in any such correspondence or intercourse, with intent as aforesaid, he shall be deemed guilty of a high misdemeanor, and, on conviction before any Court of the United States having jurisdiction thereof, shall be punished by a fine not exceeding ten thousand dollars, and by imprisonment not less than six months nor exceeding five years.

Section 2. And be it further enacted, That where the offence is committed in any foreign country, the district Court of the United States for the district where the offender shall be first arrested shall have jurisdiction thereof.

Approved, February 25, 1863.

[PUBLIC—No. 45.]

AN ACT to amend an act entitled "An act to prevent members of Congress and officers of the Government of the United States from taking considerations for procuring contracts, office, or place from the United States, and for other purposes."

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the provisions of said act shall be so construed as to ignore any agent of the Government of the United States.

Approved, February 25, 1863.

PUBLIC—No. 46.

AN ACT to prevent and punish frauds upon the Government of the United States.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That any person in the land or naval forces of the United States, or in the militia in actual service of the United States, or time of war, who shall make or cause to be made, or present or cause to be presented for payment or approval to or by any person or officer in the civil or military service of the United States, any claim upon or against the Government of the United States, or any department or officer thereof, knowing such claim to be false, fictitious, or fraudulent; any person in such forces or service who shall, for the purpose of aiding in obtaining the approval or payment of any claim against the United States or any department or officer thereof, any person in said forces or service who shall make or produce or be aiding, or knowingly assisting therewith; or if any such person above mentioned, shall knowingly and wilfully accrued or assist in any such correspondence or intercourse, with intent as aforesaid, he shall be deemed guilty of a high misdemeanor, and, on conviction before any Court of the United States having jurisdiction thereof, shall be punished by a fine not exceeding ten thousand dollars, and by imprisonment not less than six months nor exceeding five years.

Section 2. And be it further enacted, That where the offence is committed in any foreign country, the district Court of the United States for the district where the offender shall be first arrested shall have jurisdiction thereof.

Approved, February 25, 1863.

[PUBLIC—No. 45.]

AN ACT to amend an act entitled "An act to prevent members of Congress and officers of the Government of the United States from taking considerations for procuring contracts, office, or place from the United States, and for other purposes."

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the provisions of said act shall be so construed as to ignore any agent of the Government of the United States.

Approved, February 25, 1863.

PUBLIC—No. 46.

AN ACT to prevent and punish frauds upon the Government of the United States.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That any person in the land or naval forces of the United States, or in the militia in actual service of the United States, or time of war, who shall make or cause to be made, or present or cause to be presented for payment or approval to or by any person or officer in the civil or military service of the United States, any claim upon or against the Government of the United States, or any department or officer thereof, knowing such claim to be false, fictitious, or fraudulent; any person in said forces or service who shall, for the purpose of aiding in obtaining the approval or payment of any claim against the United States or any department or officer thereof, any person in said forces or service who shall make or produce or be aiding, or knowingly assisting therewith; or if any such person above mentioned, shall knowingly and wilfully accrued or assist in any such correspondence or intercourse, with intent as aforesaid, he shall be deemed guilty of a high misdemeanor, and, on conviction before any Court of the United States having jurisdiction thereof, shall be punished by a fine not exceeding ten thousand dollars, and by imprisonment not less than six months nor exceeding five years.

Section 2. And be it further enacted, That where the offence is committed in any foreign country, the district Court of the United States for the district where the offender shall be first arrested shall have jurisdiction thereof.

Approved, February 25, 1863.

POOR RICHARD'S EYE AND EAR WATER.

This is the Best Preparation in the World!

DEAFNESS are you aware that every time you think, speak or sneeze, you draw on your eyes for strength to cough? Now you are debtor to them, and if they have not arrested your body and spirit up in the prison of disease remember they must necessarily will if you do not satisfy their claim (which is a small one) for all the services they render to you continually. They are trying to run for help every blood streak is sent to. Hear their cry, and save yourself by taking them. Give them a drink of POOR RICHARD'S EYE WATER, Morning and Night. This is all they ask, and they will positively keep your body out of the direct house of disease. They do not want to lose time in explanations. Try them and prove them. By faithful perseverance, deafness can be cured and prevented.—Baths both eyes and ears.

A Remarkable Cure in Bangor.

A. W. H. PHILBRICK, do certify that my wife Esther H. has had a bad Eye from childhood, caused by measles. One year since it commenced to appear on the back of her eye. It increased to the size of a large nut. Smarting sometimes alarmed most the progress it was making. I took my wife to Dr. BROWN, who gave her some drops which could remove it, and further strengthen her eyes. Mrs. A. applied for continuance at seven o'clock in the evening, and at nine o'clock the lump was gone. We could see no more of it. My wife can now see perfectly well. Any one of the other side of the street which she did never do before. She has always had headache when riding in a carriage. Yesterday, when riding in a carriage, she and no return of headache. My own eyes were treated for a few times by Dr. BROWN. I find them much strengthened. W. H. PHILBRICK.

159 Pine street.

☞ Thousands of certificates might be added. Use POOR RICHARD and show away your SPECTACLES.

POOR RICHARD'S EYE AND EAR WATER

Cures Sore and Inflamed Eyes
Cures Dim Vision and Weak Sight.
Cures Stoppage of the Ear
Cures Catarrh
Cures Sore Throat.
Cures and prevents Diphtheria
Cures and prevents the ear of Hair.
Cures and prevents Eruptions on the Face or Skin.
Cures Frosted Hands and Feet
Cures Chilblains.
Cures Noise in the Head.
Cures Running of the Ears.
Cures Tumors on the Eye.
Cures all Limited Diseases.

DIRECTIONS.

Bathe your Eyes and Ears, also rub the Water into the parts diseased.

PRICE.

25 cents per bottle TUBE, cents, to convey the Water into the Ear.

MRS. M. G. BROWN, Proprietor,
410 *Arch Street, Philadelphia.*

Those troubled with DEAFNESS and other Diseases, will please send their letters to Mrs. M. G. BROWN, Proprietor of the Eye and Ear, 410 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

☞ To be had of all Druggists.

The Drops can be supplied at WARREN L. ALDEN & Co., No. 4 Union Block, Main street.

Entered according to act of Congress in the year 1861. jan1 53

FISK & HATCH,
BANKERS,
AND DEALERS IN
Government Securities,
Agents for
The U. S. Five-Twenty Loan.
Are prepared to furnish the
UNITED STATES FIVE TWENTY YEAR SIX PER CENT BONDS,
direct from the Government.
At Par.

☞ ON AND AFTER JULY 1st, *the privilege of converting Legal Tender Notes into the Five-Twenty Bonds, at par, will cease.* Parties wishing to secure a United States bond, AT PAR, paying
SIX PER CENT. INTEREST IN GOLD,
should send in their orders before that time.

We also keep on hand a convenient supply of all classes of Government Securities, for sale at the lowest market rate.

U. S. 7 30 Treasury Notes.
U. S. 6 Per Cent Bonds of 1881.
U. S. One Year Certificates of Indebtedness, &c., &c.

Fisk & Hatch,
38 WALL STREET, NEW YORK.
april19 d&w3m

Portland and Boston Line.

The Splendid new sea-going Steamships *Forest City, Lewiston,* and *Montreal*, will until further notice, run as follows:—

Leave Atlantic Wharf, Portland, every *Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday*, at 7 o'clock P. M., and Central Wharf, Boston, every *Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday*, at 5 o'clock P. M.

Fare, in cabin, $1.25
on deck, 1.00

N. B. Each Boat is furnished with a large number of State Rooms, for the accommodation of Ladies and Families; and travelers are reminded that by taking this line, much saving of time and expense will be made; and that the inconvenience of carrying in Boston at late hours in the night will be avoided.

The Boats arrive in season for the passengers to take the earliest trains out of the city.

The Company are not responsible for baggage to any amount exceeding $50 in value, and that personal, unless notice is given and paid for at the rate of one passenger for every $500 additional value.

☞ Freight taken as usual.

march 1863 L. BILLINGS, Agent.

WAR CLAIMS!

PENSIONS, Arrears of Pay, $100 Bounty, and all Claims for Military Services in the present War, secured by

DANIEL SANBORN,

Office, Corner of Franklin & Hancock Sts., Over C. Brown's store.

PENSIONS for soldiers wounded, injured, or for disease contracted in the present war.

HALF PAY, Pensions for the Widows or Minor Children of those killed, or who have died in the service.

BOUNTY for the Widows, Minor Children or Mothers of deceased soldiers.

Information, Cheap, or other claims given gratuitously.

☞ Rent for the invalids, and suited to the same.

DANIEL SANBORN.

N. B. Office, corner of Franklin & Hancock Sts., over C. Brown's store.

HUNNEWELL'S UNIVERSAL COUGH REMEDY

BASES its real claims to the confidence of the public by its perfect simplicity, and freedom from every component which in any way places restraint on its use, *Day or Night*, by Old or Young, but to find the real secret of its true character and results, to which thousands can testify, by its being made the *Pocket, Bedside or Nursery* Companion of all, and the enemy to all *Throat and Lung* Complaints by using it every hour, if necessary, or when there is the least tickling in the Throat, or disposition to Cough. By such freedom of use it

CURES

Coughs,
Colds,
Sore Throat,
Bronchial Complaints,
Hoarseness

and all such, as when neglected, end in

CONSUMPTION!

To Public Speakers and Singers it is most valuable, as it goes to the foundation, cleans the Throat, and prevents the prostration which follows great exertion.

As a *Soothing Syrup* its simplicity calls for special attention, as the most delicate infant may take it with the greatest freedom.

HUNNEWELL'S

This Preparation, by its splendid results, has shown the great necessity of a true *Nervous and Spasmodic Remedy*, which does its work on all such complaints, completely relieving the pains, and leaving no stain of debility behind.

All most complaints of this nature proceed from inward causes, they are reached only through the Stomach, and in most of them, time and money is wasted by the use of Liniments and Lotions.

Let this preparation be fairly tested and it will be found worthy the name and fame of a true

ANODYNE!

IT CURES

Neuralgia,
Rheumatism,
Gout,
Tooth Ache,
Ear Ache,
Nervous Head Ache,
Distress after eating,
Fits,
Histeria,
Nervousness,
Spinal Complaint,
St. Vitus Dance,
Cholera Morbus,
Pains in Stomach and Bowels.

also, the chief of all diseases of disease and insanity

LOSS OF SLEEP!

☞ To the *Sleepless Invalid* it gives the most refreshing sleep.

To Females suffering the pains of *Monthly Menstruation*, it completely relieves, while Nature's work is undisturbed. This is of great importance, as from this cause dates most, if not all, wrecks to the Nervous System, and Chronic Female Complaints.

For Stomach, or Tape Worms, it is a sure remedy.

For children, when Teething, it completely soothes the pain, by dilating with milk and rubbing the Gums. When very severe add in 5 to 10 drop doses in milk, and is a perfect relief.

HUNNEWELL'S

This valuable and Simple PILL rests for its merits on being the true type of a CATHARTIC,—simple, though thorough in action, seldom requiring but a single pill for a dose or one at night and one at morning—acts without the least griping.

AND CURES

Dyspepsia,
Indigestion,
Biliousness,
Loss of Appetite,
Jaundice,
Humors, &c., &c.

For HEAD ACHE, when caused by a foul stomach, they are a perfect relief.

For WORMS are a perfect remedy.

As a FAMILY PILL they have no superior.

☞ WARRANTY ☜

My own confidence allows that agents may refund money when satisfaction is not given.

John L. Hunnewell,
Proprietor, Boston, Mass.

W. L. ALDEN & CO., Wholesale Agents, Bangor, Maine.

W. F. PHILLIPS, H. H. HAY, W. W. WHIPPLE, Wholesale Agents, Portland.

☞ Correspondence solicited from all interested in the preparations.

☞ Dealers will find good business, references, supplied on application to the proprietors.

IS THERE A VIRTUE IN SALVATION?

WORLD'S HAIR RESTORER AND ZYLOBALSAMUM?

Convincing Testimony.

REV. C. A. BUCKBEE, Assistant Treasurer Am. Tract Bible Union, N. Y. Feb. 1863, writes: "I very cheerfully add my testimony to that of numerous friends to the great value of Mrs. S. A. Allen's Worlds Hair Restorer and Zylobalsamum."

REV. WM. CUTTER, N. Y. City: "My hair is changed to its natural color, and grows on bald spot."

REV. J. H. CORNELL, N. Y. City: "I procured it for a relative. The falling of the hair stopped, and restored it from being gray to its natural and beautiful color."

REV. T. WEST, Brooklyn, L. I.: "I will testify to its value in the most liberal sense. They have restored my hair where it was bald, and where it is of original color."

REV. L. WORCESTER, Boston, Mass.: "I have used it with great effect. I am now neither bald nor grey. My hair was dry and brittle, it is now soft as in youth."

REV. H. V. DEGEN, Boston, Mass.: "That they promote the growth of the hair where baldness is, I have the evidence of my own eyes."

Sold by Druggists throughout the World.

PRINCIPAL SALES OFFICE,

No. 198 Greenwich Street, New-York.

Numerous Certificates as above.

SARNIA LINE!

New Summer Route to the West, VIA Grand Trunk Railway!

New Line of Powerful Steamers FROM Port Sarnia and Port Huron, TO Green Bay, Milwaukie, Chicago, Sault Ste Marie, Bruce Mines, Outonagon, and other Ports on Lakes Huron, Michigan and Superior.

On arrival of the Grand Trunk Trains from the East the steamers of the above Line leave Port Sarnia and Port Huron, in the following order;

MILWAUKIE & CHICAGO LINE,
Leave Port Sarnia, Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday evenings.

GREEN BAY LINE,
Leave Port Huron every Thursday evening.

LAKE SUPERIOR LINE
Leave Port Huron every Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Saturday evenings, for all points on Lake superior.

For Saginaw and Lake Huron Shore Ports.
Leave Port Huron every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday evening calling at
Port Sanilac, Pierce, Port Austin, Bay City, Port Sanilac, Saginaw City.

☞ In addition to the above, Grand Trunk Train connects at Detroit with the express Trains of the Michigan Central, Michigan Southern and Detroit & Milwaukie Railways, together Goods can be shipped without or accumulation to the traveling public.

TIME LESS AND FARES LOWER
Than by any other Route.

Families moving West will find it to their advantage to call upon the Company's Agents, who will give FAVORABLE RATES for the conveyance of passengers, horses, wagons, household goods, and Freight of all kinds.

THROUGH TICKETS, and further information, can be obtained at the Agencies of the Grand Trunk Railway, at Boston and Bangor, and at all Railroad Stations and Tickets offered in New England.

B. SHACKELL, Gen. Eastern Agent, Boston.
W. FLOWERS, Eastern Agent, Bangor.
C. J. BEVIDGE, Managing Director, Montreal.
may9 d&w3m

Summer Arrangement.

Bangor, Oldtown and Milford R. R. Co.

ON and after *MONDAY*, May 4th, the Trains will leave as follows till further notice—

Leave Bangor at 6 A. M., 11 A. M., 5 P. M.
Leave Milford at 7½ A. M., 12 P. M., 6 P. M.
Leave Oldtown at 7½ A. M., 2 P. M., 6 P. M.

N. T. SWAN, Agent.
Bangor, Apr 28, 1863.

MAINE CENTRAL RAILROAD.

ON and after *November 17th*, inst. be Passenger Train will leave Bangor for Portland, Boston and Lowell at 7.30 A. M., and returning will be due at Bangor at 7.40 P. M.

Freight Accommodation Train, from Waterville, will be due at Bangor at 10.35 A. M., and will leave at 1.30 P. M. This train will connect at Kendall's Mills at 5 14 P. M. with trains for Skowhegan same evening.

☞ *Through Tickets* sold to Portland, Boston and Lowell. Fares as heretofore.

Nov. 11, 1862 EDWIN NOYES, Sup't.

Portland and New York Steamers.

SEMI-WEEKLY LINE.

The splendid and fast Steamships "CHESAPEAKE," Captain Willetts, and "PARKERSBURG," Capt. Berryman, will, until further notice, run as follows:

Leave Brown's Wharf, Portland, every Wednesday and Saturday, at 4 o'clock P. M., and Pier 9, North River, New York, every Wednesday and Saturday, at 3 o'clock P. M.

These Vessels are fitted up with fine accommodations for passengers, making this the most speedy, safe, and comfortable route for travellers to and from New York and Maine. Passage, $5.00, including Fare and State Rooms.

Goods forwarded by this line to and from Montreal, Quebec, Bangor, Bath, Augusta, Eastport and St. John.

Shippers are requested to send their freight to the steamer as early as 3 P. M., on the day that they leave Portland.

For freight or passage, apply to
HENRY K. FOX, Brown's Wharf, Portland.
H. B. CROMWELL & CO., No. 86 West street, New York.

Portland, Dec. 6, 1862.

PITCHER & FULLER,
Commission Merchants and Receivers of
Flour and Produce,
No. 9 and 10 Lewis' Wharf, BOSTON
F. W. PITCHER,
M. W. FULLER. may14

Flax Seed.

FLAX SEED, clean and free from foul seed, for sowing, for sale by A. P. GUILD, 101 Exchange St.

Ayer's SARSAPARILLA,

PREPARED BY DR. J. C. AYER, LOWELL, MASS.
Practical and Analytical Chemists.

From Rev. Robt. Stratton, Detroit, Michigan.

"I have sold large quantities of your Sarsaparilla, but never yet one bottle which failed of the desired effect, and full satisfaction to those who took it. I feel as one people try it, they agree there has been no medicine like it before in our community."

Eruptions, Pimples, Blotches, Pustules, Ulcers, Sores, and all Diseases of the Skin.

From Rev. Robt. Stratton, Detroit, Michigan.

"I truly do my duty to you and the public, when I add my testimony to that you put forth of the medicinal virtues of your SARSAPARILLA. My daughter, aged ten, had an inflaming humor in her ears, eyes, and hair for years, which we were unable to cure until we tried your SARSAPARILLA. She has been well for some months."

From Mrs. Jane E. Rice, a well-known and much-esteemed lady of Dunnsville, Cape May Co., N. J.

"My daughter has suffered for a year past with a scrofulous eruption, which was very troublesome. No help afforded any relief until we tried your SARSAPARILLA, which soon completely cured her."

From Charles P. Gage, Esq., of the widely known Gage, Murray & Co., manufacturers of enamelled papers in Nashua, N. H.

"I had, for several years, a very troublesome humor in my face, which grew constantly worse until it disfigured my features and became an intolerable affliction. I tried almost every thing a man could of both advice and medicine, but without any relief whatever, until I took your SARSAPARILLA. It immediately made my face worse, as you told me it might for a time, but in a few weeks the new skin began to form under the blotches, and continued until my face is as smooth as any body's, and I am without any symptoms of the disease that I know of. I enjoy perfect health, and without a doubt owe it to your SARSAPARILLA."

Erysipelas—General Debility—Purify the Blood.

From Dr. Robt. Sisson, Houston St., New York.

"DR. AYER: I feel bound to remove *Erysipelas* and *Scrofulous* Humors by the persevering use of your SARSAPARILLA, and I have just now cured an attack of *Malignant Erysipelas* with it. No alterative we possess equals the SARSAPARILLA you have supplied to the profession as well as to the people."

From J. S. Johnston, Esq., Wakeman, Ohio.

"For twelve years, I had the yellow Erysipelas on my right arm, during which time I tried all the celebrated physicians I could reach, and took hundreds of dollars worth of medicine. The ulcers were so bad that the cords became visible, and the doctors decided that my arm must be amputated. I then, at the urgent request of a friend, took two bottles of your SARSAPARILLA. Together they have cured me. I am now as well and sound as any body. Being in a public place, my case is known to every body in this community, and excites the wonder of all."

From Hon. Henry Munro, M. P. P., of Newcastle, C. W., a leading member of the Canadian Parliament.

"I have used your SARSAPARILLA in my family, for general *debility*, and for *purifying the blood*, with very beneficial results, and feel confidence in commending it to the afflicted."

St. Anthony's Fire, Ross, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Sore Eyes.

From Harvey Sickler, Esq., the able editor of the Tuskaloosa Democrat, Pennsylvania.

"Our only child, about three years of age, was seized by some humor in the forehead. They rapidly spread until they formed a loathsome and virulent sore, which covered his face, and actually blinded his eyes for some days. A skilful physician applied nitrate of silver and other remedies without any apparent effect. At other times we guarded his hands lest with them he should tear open the festering and certain wound which covered his whole face. Having tried every thing else we had any hopes from, we began giving your SARSAPARILLA, and applying the iodide of potash lotion, as you direct. The sore began to heal when we had given the first bottle, and was well when we had finished the second. The child's eyelashes, which had come out, grew again, and he is now in perfect and fair health. The whole neighborhood predicted that the child must die."

Syphilis and Mercurial Disease.

From Dr. Hiram Stout, of St. Louis, Missouri.

"I find your SARSAPARILLA a more effectual remedy for the secondary symptoms of *Syphilis* and for syphilitic disease than any other we possess. The profession are indebted to you for some of the best medicines we have."

From A. J. French, M. D., an able and physician of Lawrence, Mass., who is a prominent member of the Legislature of Massachusetts.

"DR. AYER: My dear Sir: I have found your SARSAPARILLA an excellent remedy for *Syphilis*, both of the *primary* and *secondary* type, and effected in some cases that were too obstinate to yield to other remedies. I do not know what we can employ with more certainty of success, where a powerful alterative is required."

Mr. Chas. S. Van Liew, of New Brunswick, N. J., had given full ulcers on his legs, caused by the abuse of mercury, or *mercurial disease*, which grew more and more aggravated for years, in spite of every remedy or treatment that could be applied, until the unremitting use of AYER'S SARSAPARILLA effected one. Few cases can be found more inveterate and distressing than this, and it took several dozen bottles to cure him.

Leucorrhœa, Whites, Female Weakness,

are generally produced by inherited *Scrofulous Humors*, and are very often cured by the alterative effect of the SARSAPARILLA. Some cases require, however, an aid of the SARSAPARILLA, the skilful application of local remedies.

From the well known and widely celebrated Dr. Jacob Morrill, of Portsmouth.

"I have found your SARSAPARILLA an excellent alterative in diseases of females. Many cases of irregularity, Leucorrhœa, Inflammation and Ulceration, and loss of delicacy, arising from the scrofulous influence, have yielded to it, and there are few that do not, when a reform is properly aided by local treatment."

A lady, unwilling to allow the publication of her name, writes:

"My daughter and myself have been cured of a very debilitating Leucorrhœa of long standing, by the 6 bottles of your SARSAPARILLA."

Rheumatism, Gout, Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Heart Disease, Neuralgia,

when caused by *Scrofula* in the system, are rapidly cured by the EXT. SARSAPARILLA.

AYER'S CATHARTIC PILLS

possess so many advantages over the other purgatives in the market, and their superior virtues are so universally known, that we need not do more than to assure the public their quality is maintained equal to the best it ever has been, and that they may be depended on to do all that they have ever done.

Prepared by J. C. AYER, M. D., & Co., Lowell, Mass., and sold by all the Druggists in Bangor, and by merchants and dealers in medicine everywhere.

may9 3tod&weowly

.863.—Shortest Route—.863.

TO THE WEST!

Broad Guage Mail Route

—VIA—

Grand Trunk!

To Montreal, Quebec, Toronto, Toledo, Detroit, Chicago, Milwaukie, Galena, Fraire du Chien, La Crosse, Dubuque, Madison, Fort du Lac, Rock Island, Burlington, Quincy, St. Joseph, Buffalo, via Niagara Falls and Suspension Bridge, St. Paul, St. Louis, Kansas, and all points West, Northwest and Southwest.

Express Trains leave *Bangor and Portland* daily, (except Sundays) making through connections with all trains from the East without stopping. At Chicago this line enters the Great Union Depot, from which all the principal Western trains depart.

This Entire Line is furnished with Incandescent Sleeping Cars on all night trains.

Baggage checked through to Detroit, Chicago, Milwaukee, St. Louis, and all important Western Towns, thus avoiding delays and expenses incident to other Routes.

Through Tickets by this short, desirable route to all points West, are for sale at all the principal Ticket Offices in New England, and at the Company's Office.

22 West Market Square, Bangor, Maine.

C. J. BEVIDGE, Managing Director, Montreal.
WM. FLOWERS, Eastern Agent, Bangor.
march 27

Penobscot River Steam boats.

ON and after MONDAY, April 27th, the above Boats will commence their regular trips between Oldtown and Winn, as follows:

Leave Oldtown every morning (Sundays excepted) on the arrival of the morning train from Bangor, arriving at Winn about noon.

Leave Winn every morning (Sundays excepted) at 6 o'clock, arriving at Oldtown in season to connect with the afternoon train of cars for Bangor.

H. M. PARTWELL, Agent.
Oldtown, April 25th, 1863. apr25

CHAPLIN, FULLER, The Life Sketch of an Army Chaplain, at BRIGGS'S LIBRARY.

War Department,
ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE,
Washington, April 23, 1863.

General Orders No. 105

The organization of an Invalid Corps is hereby authorized.

This Corps shall consist of companies, and it shall be detailed by the Chief of Bureaus.

The Companies shall be made up from the following sources, viz:

First. By taking those officers and enlisted men of commands now in the field (whether actually present or temporarily absent) who, from wounds received in action or disease contracted in the line of duty, are unfit for field service, but are still capable of effective garrison duty, or such other light duty as may be required of an Invalid Corps.—Regimental Commanders shall at once make out, from information received from their Regiment and Company Officers, and from their own knowledge, rolls (according to the Form furnished) of the names of all the officers and enlisted men under their commands who fulfill the following conditions, viz:

1. That they are unfit for active field service on account of wounds or disease contracted in the line of duty, this fact being certified by a Medical Officer in the service, after personal examination.

2. That they are fit for garrison duty, the fact being likewise certified by the Medical Officer as above, after personal examination.

3. That they are, in the opinion of their commanding officers, architects and builders.

These rolls shall be certified by the Examining Surgeon and Regimental Commander and transmitted, through the regular channels of military correspondence, to the Provost Marshal General of the United States.

The Regimental Commander shall enter in the column of remarks, opposite each officer's name on the roll, a statement as to the general character of the officer for intelligence, morality, sobriety, and attention to duty; and all incorrect or dishonest statements shall subject the person making them, if they have none, they shall state how far they are willing to endorse the opinion of the officer or officers making the recommendation. Subsidiary rolls shall be forwarded from time to time, whenever the number of men fulfilling the conditions enumerated or the exigencies of the service may render it expedient.

Second. By taking those officers and enlisted men still in service and borne on the rolls, but who are absent from duty in Hospitals or Convalescent Camps, or are otherwise under the control of Medical Officers. In these cases the Medical Officer in attendance shall prepare the rolls according to Form, entering the names of officers and enlisted men belonging to the Regiment on a roll by themselves, and send them, with the certificate of the Surgeon, duly signed, to the proper Regimental Commander, who will forward them, as hereinbefore specified, subject to the same conditions and requirements. In any case, the Regimental Commander shall think an officer unfit, in point of character, to continue in the service of the invalid corps, though qualified and certified by the surgeon, he will state his objection in the column of remarks, and note the exception before signing the certificate. In case any officer or enlisted man now in the service, but absent and beyond the reach of a Medical Officer in charge of a Hospital or Convalescent Camp desires to enter this Corps, he will take the course indicated below for those who have been honorably discharged the service.

Third. By accepting those officers and enlisted men who have been honorably discharged on account of wounds or disease contracted in the line of duty, and who desire to reenter the service. In the case of the officers, applications for appointment must be made to the Provost Marshal General of the United States through the officer detailed as Acting Assistant Provost Marshal General of the State. No application of this kind will be considered unless the following conditions are complied and fulfilled:

1. That the applicant produces the certificate of the surgeon of the board of Examiners for the District in which he resides, that he is fitted for active duty, on account of wounds or disease not due to disease, but is fit for garrison duty.

2. That he furnishes evidence of honorable discharge, on account of wounds or disability incurred in the line of duty.

3. That he produces recommendations from the Regimental, Brigade, and Division commander under whom he formerly served, that he is worthy of being time provided for and capable of rendering adequate service to the Government. In case that he is unprovided with the testimonials of his fitness, having established the first two points satisfactorily, the board of Examiners shall give him certificate to that effect, and he shall be entitled to receive from the Acting Assistant Provost Marshal General of the State, a certificate to the general character of the officer for intelligence, morality, sobriety, and attention to duty; and all incorrect or dishonest statements shall subject the person making them, if they have none, they shall state how far they are willing to endorse the opinion of the officer or officers making the recommendation. Subsidiary rolls shall be forwarded from time to time, whenever the number of men fulfilling the conditions enumerated or the exigencies of the service may render it expedient.

Second. By taking those officers and enlisted men still in service and borne on the rolls, but who are absent from duty in Hospitals or Convalescent Camps, or are otherwise under the control of Medical Officers. In these cases the Medical Officer in attendance shall prepare the rolls according to Form, entering the names of officers and enlisted men belonging to the Regiment on a roll by themselves, and send them, with the certificate of the Surgeon, duly signed, to the proper Regimental Commander, who will forward them, as hereinbefore specified, subject to the same conditions and requirements. In any case, the Regimental Commander shall think an officer unfit, in point of character, to continue in the service of the invalid corps, though qualified and certified by the surgeon, he will state his objection in the column of remarks, and note the exception before signing the certificate. In case any officer or enlisted man now in the service, but absent and beyond the reach of a Medical Officer in charge of a Hospital or Convalescent Camp desires to enter this Corps, he will take the course indicated below for those who have been honorably discharged the service.

Third. By accepting those officers and enlisted men who have been honorably discharged on account of wounds or disease contracted in the line of duty, and who desire to reenter the service. In the case of the officers, applications for appointment must be made to the Provost Marshal General of the United States through the officer detailed as Acting Assistant Provost Marshal General of the State. No application of this kind will be considered unless the following conditions are complied and fulfilled:

1. That the applicant produces the certificate of the surgeon of the board of Examiners for the District in which he resides, that he is fitted for active duty, on account of wounds or disease not due to disease, but is fit for garrison duty.

2. That he furnishes evidence of honorable discharge, on account of wounds or disability incurred in the line of duty.

3. That he produces recommendations from the Regimental, Brigade, and Division commander under whom he formerly served, that he is worthy of being time provided for and capable of rendering adequate service to the Government. In case that he is unprovided with the testimonials of his fitness, having established the first two points satisfactorily, the board of Examiners shall give him certificate to that effect, and he shall be entitled to receive from the Acting Assistant Provost Marshal General of the State, a certificate to the general character of the officer for intelligence, morality, sobriety, and attention to duty; and all incorrect or dishonest statements shall subject the person making them, if they have none, they shall state how far they are willing to endorse the opinion of the officer or officers making the recommendation. Subsidiary rolls shall be forwarded from time to time, whenever the number of men fulfilling the conditions enumerated or the exigencies of the service may render it expedient.

Fourth. By taking those officers and enlisted men still in service and borne on the rolls, but who are absent from duty in Hospitals or Convalescent Camps, or are otherwise under the control of Medical Officers. In these cases the Medical Officer in attendance shall prepare the rolls according to Form, entering the names of officers and enlisted men belonging to the Regiment on a roll by themselves, and send them, with the certificate of the Surgeon, duly signed, to the proper Regimental Commander, who will forward them, as hereinbefore specified, subject to the same conditions and requirements. In any case, the Regimental Commander shall think an officer unfit, in point of character, to continue in the service of the invalid corps, though qualified and certified by the surgeon, he will state his objection in the column of remarks, and note the exception before signing the certificate. In case any officer or enlisted man now in the service, but absent and beyond the reach of a Medical Officer in charge of a Hospital or Convalescent Camp desires to enter this Corps, he will take the course indicated below for those who have been honorably discharged the service.

Fifth. By accepting those officers and enlisted men who have been honorably discharged on account of wounds or disease contracted in the line of duty, and who desire to reenter the service. In the case of the officers, applications for appointment must be made to the Provost Marshal General of the United States through the officer detailed as Acting Assistant Provost Marshal General of the State. No application of this kind will be considered unless the following conditions are complied and fulfilled:

1. That the applicant produces the certificate of the surgeon of the board of Examiners for the District in which he resides, that he is fitted for active duty, on account of wounds or disease not due to disease, but is fit for garrison duty.

2. That he furnishes evidence of honorable discharge, on account of wounds or disability incurred in the line of duty.

3. That he produces recommendations from the Regimental, Brigade, and Division commander under whom he formerly served, that he is worthy of being time provided for and capable of rendering adequate service to the Government. In case that he is unprovided with the testimonials of his fitness, having established the first two points satisfactorily, the board of Examiners shall give him certificate to that effect, and he shall be entitled to receive from the Acting Assistant Provost Marshal General of the State, a certificate to the general character of the officer for intelligence, morality, sobriety, and attention to duty; and all incorrect or dishonest statements shall subject the person making them, if they have none, they shall state how far they are willing to endorse the opinion of the officer or officers making the recommendation. Subsidiary rolls shall be forwarded from time to time, whenever the number of men fulfilling the conditions enumerated or the exigencies of the service may render it expedient.

Sixth. By accepting those officers and enlisted men who have been honorably discharged on account of wounds or disease contracted in the line of duty, and who desire to reenter the service. In the case of the officers, applications for appointment must be made to the Provost Marshal General of the United States through the officer detailed as Acting Assistant Provost Marshal General of the State. No application of this kind will be considered unless the following conditions are complied and fulfilled:

1. That the applicant produces the certificate of the surgeon of the board of Examiners for the District in which he resides, that he is fitted for active duty, on account of wounds or disease not due to disease, but is fit for garrison duty.

2. That he furnishes evidence of honorable discharge, on account of wounds or disability incurred in the line of duty.

3. That he produces recommendations from the Regimental, Brigade, and Division commander under whom he formerly served, that he is worthy of being time provided for and capable of rendering adequate service to the Government. In case that he is unprovided with the testimonials of his fitness, having established the first two points satisfactorily, the board of Examiners shall give him certificate to that effect, and he shall be entitled to receive from the Acting Assistant Provost Marshal General of the State, a certificate to the general character of the officer for intelligence, morality, sobriety, and attention to duty; and all incorrect or dishonest statements shall subject the person making them, if they have none, they shall state how far they are willing to endorse the opinion of the officer or officers making the recommendation. Subsidiary rolls shall be forwarded from time to time, whenever the number of men fulfilling the conditions enumerated or the exigencies of the service may render it expedient.

Seventh. By taking those officers and enlisted men still in service and borne on the rolls, but who are absent from duty in Hospitals or Convalescent Camps, or are otherwise under the control of Medical Officers. In these cases the Medical Officer in attendance shall prepare the rolls according to Form, entering the names of officers and enlisted men belonging to the Regiment on a roll by themselves, and send them, with the certificate of the Surgeon, duly signed, to the proper Regimental Commander, who will forward them, as hereinbefore specified, subject to the same conditions and requirements. In any case, the Regimental Commander shall think an officer unfit, in point of character, to continue in the service of the invalid corps, though qualified and certified by the surgeon, he will state his objection in the column of remarks, and note the exception before signing the certificate. In case any officer or enlisted man now in the service, but absent and beyond the reach of a Medical Officer in charge of a Hospital or Convalescent Camp desires to enter this Corps, he will take the course indicated below for those who have been honorably discharged the service.

Eighth. By accepting those officers and enlisted men who have been honorably discharged on account of wounds or disease contracted in the line of duty, and who desire to reenter the service. In the case of the officers, applications for appointment must be made to the Provost Marshal General of the United States through the officer detailed as Acting Assistant Provost Marshal General of the State. No application of this kind will be considered unless the following conditions are complied and fulfilled:

1. That the applicant produces the certificate of the surgeon of the board of Examiners for the District in which he resides, that he is fitted for active duty, on account of wounds or disease not due to disease, but is fit for garrison duty.

2. That he furnishes evidence of honorable discharge, on account of wounds or disability incurred in the line of duty.

3. That he produces recommendations from the Regimental, Brigade, and Division commander under whom he formerly served, that he is worthy of being time provided for and capable of rendering adequate service to the Government. In case that he is unprovided with the testimonials of his fitness, having established the first two points satisfactorily, the board of Examiners shall give him certificate to that effect, and he shall be entitled to receive from the Acting Assistant Provost Marshal General of the State, a certificate to the general character of the officer for intelligence, morality, sobriety, and attention to duty; and all incorrect or dishonest statements shall subject the person making them, if they have none, they shall state how far they are willing to endorse the opinion of the officer or officers making the recommendation. Subsidiary rolls shall be forwarded from time to time, whenever the number of men fulfilling the conditions enumerated or the exigencies of the service may render it expedient.

Ninth. By taking those officers and enlisted men still in service and borne on the rolls, but who are absent from duty in Hospitals or Convalescent Camps, or are otherwise under the control of Medical Officers. In these cases the Medical Officer in attendance shall prepare the rolls according to Form, entering the names of officers and enlisted men belonging to the Regiment on a roll by themselves, and send them, with the certificate of the Surg